Devoted to Politics, Agriculture, The Sciences, Mechanic Arts, Literature, Miscellaneous Reading, General Intelligence and Commercial Summaries.

VOLUME 2.

CHARLESTOWN, JEFFERSON COUNTY, VIRGINIA, APRIL 10, 1846.

NUMBER 39.

SPIRIT OF JEFFERSON.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY, BY JAMES W. BELLER,

(OFFICE ON MAIN STREET, A FRW DOORS ABOVE THE VALLEY BANK,)

VALLET BANK,)

At \$2 00 in advance—\$2 50 if paid within the year—or \$3 00 if not paid until after the expiration of the year.

30 No paper discontinued, except at the option of the publisher, until arrearages are paid. Subscriptions for less than a year, must in all cases be paid in advance.

30 Distant subscriptions and advertisements must be paid in advance, or responsible persons living in the county guaranty the settlement of the same.

DO ADVERTISEMENTS will be inserted at the rate of \$1.00 per square for the first three insertions, and 25 cents for each continuance. Those not marked on the manuscript for a specified time, will be inserted until forbid, and CHARGED ACCORDINGLY. A liberal discount made to those who advertise by the year.

ATTENTION, GENTLEMENT

AVING assumed the business formerly convan & J. R. White, and having just returned from the East, with a beautiful and complete assort-

Gentlemen's Spring & Summer Wear, I would beg leave, respectfully, (without entering into detail,) to inform my friends and the public generally, that I am fully prepared to supply their wants with every thing pertaining to their use, (leaving out Boots and Shoes of course,) in the most durable, neatest, richest, and Chempest manner. Gentlemen will find it much to their advantage, I am sure, to give me a call before purchasing elsewhere, as I am satisfied that I have the ability, as well as the disposition to please, in every particular belonging to the Merchant Tailoring Business. Come and see. T. J. W. SULLIVAN.

Harpers-Ferry, March 27, 1846.

N. B .- I would ask attention especially, to my very handsome, low, and well assorted stock of Ready-made Spring and Summer Clothing—a fine variety. T. J. W. S.

Tin and Sheet Iron Establishment.

THE undersigned, thankful for the liberal en-couragement extended towards him for many years past, again solicits the custom of the citizens of Charlestown and adjacent country.— His arrangements now are the most ample, and he will be enabled to conduct his business for the future in a manner that he hopes will be entirely

satisfactory to all concerned.

In order to compete, and that successfully, with work manufactured in the Eastern Cities, he has determined to reduce the price 20 per cent, for cash. And as he uses none but the best matecash. And as he uses none but the best materials, he can surely expect the support of his fellow-citizens in preference to sending their orders abroad. If his work does not bear a favorable comparison with any other of a similar kind, he will not ask for more than one trial.

IF Country Merchants will do well to give him a call, before purchasing elsewhere, as he has now on hand, and will continue to keep a very large

on hand, and will continue to keep, a very large and general assortment of TIN-WARE, which will be offered on the most accommodating terms.

ROOFING, with Zino, Tin, and Leaden Plate,

on the latest and most improved plan, will be put on at the shortest notice. In this branch, he feels authorized to say, that no other establishment in the State can surpass his. He has done many roofs during the last year, and he is yet to hear of the first complaint. For the truth of this, as well as the cheapness, durability, &c., of this descrip-tion of roofing, refer to Hon. I. R. Douglass, H. Keyes, H. L. Eby, T. C. Bradley, and Wm. F. ock, Charlestown.
HOUSE SPOUTING done at the shortest no-

TOOId Copper, Brass or Pewter taken in exchange for work.

F. W. RAWLINS.

Charlestown, March 27, 1846—tf.

HATS, HATS, HATS!

SIGN OF THE GOLDEN HAT.

HE subscriber would most respectfully in form the citizens of Charlestown, Jefferson County, that he has taken the rooms between the Stores of James J. Miller and John H. Beard, o Main street, for the purpose of carrying on the Hatting Business,

in all its branches.

From arrangements which he has made with one of the most extensive and fashionable houses in Philadelphia, to furnish him with every description of HATS, and apprize him of

Every Change of Fashion, feels satisfied that his establishment possesse

as great advantages in every respect, as any in the Valley.

He has just received an extensive assortment of the finest

Beaver, Neutria, Silk, Cassimere, and Fur Hats,

which he is determined to offer as low as they can be bought in the county. He furthermore, warrants every Hat he sells, never to change color in reasonable wear, and give as great satisfaction as any article for the same price, of any other manufacturer in the Union. And should any Hat he sells fail to be as represented, he will take it back or make a reasonable deduction. He furthermore will iron up, and keep in order, any work sold by him for six months after the purchase.

With an earnest desire to please, he hopes that by untiring exertion, to receive sufficient patronage from the citizens of this county, to enable him to make a living for his family. It cannot be possible that any citizen would prefer paying their money to mechanics of other States, and allow their own to suffer, when they can buy as good an article at home for the eame price. All he asks is a trial.

JOHN DONAVIN.

Charlestown, March 20, 1846—3t.

Fresh Groceries, &c.

2 HHDS new crop N. Orleans Sugar, Molasse Large lot best Rio Coffee, for 10 & 12 cents, Gunpowder, Imperial and Black Tess of superior

quality,
Cheese, Rice, Mackerel, &c.
Also, 1 doz. Garden Spades, long handle shovels and trace chains, for sale as cheap as they can be bought here or elsewhere, by
March 20.

WM. S. LOCK.

Groceries, Groceries!

UST received, a superior lot N. O. Sugars, which will be sold at reduced prices, 8, 9, & 10 cents; also, a fresh lot Rio Laguyra, and St. Domingo Coffee, 6‡, 8, 10 & 12‡ cents; 6 barrels New Orleans Molasses; 1 chest Gunpowder Tex, very superior; and all other articles in the grocery line, on hand and for sale cheap, by JOHN J. LOCK & CO. March 20.

Shocking Case.—Our attention was attracted on Monday night, in the First Municipality, by a large crowd of people surrounding a goodlooking, neatly dressed young sailor, and a rather pretty-girl, apparently not more than 16 years of age. The man alternately weeping, cursing, and tearing his hair, and threatening to kill both himself and the female near him; while she stood with hands clasped, her eyes red with weeping, supplicating him not to kill her. self and the female near him; while she stood with lands clasped, her eyes red with weeping, supplicating him not to kill her, and begging him not to "take on so." On inquiring into the cause of the disturbance, the following deplorable circumstances were related. The sailor had just returned from a long cruise at sea, and was on a "lark" about town full of frolic and "half seas over," when he encountered the female in the streets, struck up an acquaintance with her, and invited her to accompany him to the "Globe "Butterly in the disturbance of the London Times received by the last steamer, we met with the following advertisement, which we transfer to our columns, not without the hope that it may be interesting to some one within the circle of our readers:—

SAMUEL WINDER.—If struck up an acquaintance with her, and invited her to accompany him to the "Globe Ball." From some unaccountable reason, the girl felt a repugnance to going with him, but at last consented, and was invited by her companion to enter a neighboring cafe and get a drink. As they stood at the bar the countenance of the man seemed familiar to her, and as he put out his hand to take his glass of liquor, she observed a deep scar, and dropped her glass, exclaiming "Great God! your name is ——! you're my brother!" and so he was. He had not seen her for eight years, and when he last left her, with her parents in New York, she was a fair-haired prattling little child. His horror and anguish at finding her away from home, and a common girl of the town, an be bethome, and a common girl of the town, an be bet-ter imagined than described; and yet amid his paroxisms of grief, he thanked heaven that he had made the discovery thus early. A police officer succeeded in separating the unfortunate pair and getting them safely to their several homes, and we have not heard of them since.—N. O. Pic.

UNFORTUNATE OCCURRENCE .- The Cincinnati Enquirer states that on the 24th ult., the steamer Herald, on her passage from Pittsburg to that city, landed at Point Pleasant, Va., and while there a German passenger went on shore, accompanied by a small child, and during his absence the boat left the landing, and also left them behind. At Gallipolis, the boat landed again, and it was there the wife of the German found that her husband was absent, and frantic at her losssupposing him drowned, she caught her youngest child in her arms, jumped in the river and sunk to rise no more. Soon after the occurrence, and before the Herald left, the Hibernia arrived, bringing the husband to hear the fate of his unhappy wife. They were emigrants on their way to the west, and most truly it was a melancholy intro-duction of the survivor to the land where he had anticipated so much happiness.

DEATH OF A CONVICT .- On Sunday morning last, a terrible affray occured in the prison at Har-riaburg, Pa., between Mr. Warson, the warden of the prison, and a negro convict, of desperate character, named Gibbs. The latter was sentenced to imprisonment for twelve years, and had served out about two years of his time. A few served out about two years of his time. A few weeks since he made a daring attempt to escape by climbing to the sky-lights by a rope made of his bedding, and would have succeeded had not the rope broken. Mr. Watson was making his usual morning round on Sunday last, and on opening the door of Gibbs' room, he was attacked by the latter and borne to the ground. A despetible that the last three narties of yovagers, despatched by the latter and borne to the ground. A desperate struggle ensued, during which the former drew a revolving pistol, and discharged it three times, the last ball passing through Gibbs' heart. Gibbs was a ferocious fellow, and had expressed a determination to make his escape or die in the attempt. Fortunately, from a suspicion of his intention, Mr. Watson had armed himself for the emergency.

A Coroner's Inquest, held over the body, returned a verdict of justifiable homicide.

Losz.—The Milwaukie Sentinel understands that the last three parties of voyagers, despatched from Green Bay with the mails of Copper Harbor, have not yet returned or been heard from. The party which went with the November mail lost their road and wandered about sixteen days in the wilderness, but ultimately succeeded in getting back upon the right track. The route is some 450 miles in length, and through a pathless and snow covered wilderness.

FROM JAMAGA—The byig Edward Cottine and the potency of her charms. He proposed and was accepted. Henry Gray, for by such we will call him, was company, passed April 8th, 1831; authorizes the Board of Public Works to receive from the company annually, after the first of August, 1847, the source of the company to the Commonwealth, and of dividences, but ultimately succeeded in getting back upon the right track. The route is some 450 miles in length, and through a pathless and snow covered wilderness.

FROM JAMAGA—The byig Edward Cottanton.

A Coroner's Inquest, held over the body, returned or been heard from. The party which went with the November mail lost their road and wandered about sixteen days in the sum of \$5,000 in lieu of interest upon the debt of the company, and of dividences and postpones the payment of the principal of said debt as long as said sum is paid.

A Coroner's Inquest, held over the body, returned or been heard from. The party which went with the November mail lost their road and wandered about sixteen days in the sum of \$5,000 in lieu of interest upon the Commonwealth, and of d

[Gettyshurg Star.

FLOOD NUMBER Two .- The Harrisburg Tele-FLOOD NUMBER Two.—The Harrisburg Telegraph of Saturday says: "The Susquehanna yesterday was as high within a foot, as it was at the great flood of May, 1833, in consequence of heavy rains. We do not, however, anticipate any serious additional damage to the public works, although it will delay the completion of repairs and the progress of the navigation some days.—

It is expected that boats will be able to go through to Pittsburg the early part of next week; some are now ready for departure." The same paper also says: "The repairs of the Harrisburg rail-road were completed on Tuesday last, since when road were completed on Tuesday last, since when a very great amount of freight has arrived at the warehouses here, and been forwarded to its destimation, or is expected soon to depart. There is a large business doing at our warehouses, and when the new rope ferry shall be completed, next week, it will be still increased."

ECLIPSE. On the 25th of April there will be a Ecures.—On the 25th of April there will be a partial eclipse of the sun. The degree of obscuration will be about five digits in Illinois, nearly seven in Boston, and eleven in Florida; gradually increasing as we approach the island of Cuba, near the middle of which it will be central and total. This will be the last large eclipse of the sun that will be visible to us until May 26th 1854, and for many years the only one that will be total, in our vicinity. Indeed only twice during the remainder of this century, (viz. August, 7th 1869, and May 28th, 1900) will the inhabitants of the Atlantic States see a total eclipse, and on both of these occasions the path of the moon's shadow will be confined to a very small part of Virginia and North Carolins.

WORK ON MEXICO.—The Greenville (S. C.)
Mountaineer, states that the Hon. Waddy Thompson has it in contemplation shortly to publish a work on Mexico. A residence of two years in that country, as minister of the United States, has afforded Gen. Thompson rare facilities for collecting much valuable information in regard to the peculiar institutiona and the manners and customs of the people of that country, and his known ability, leave no doubt that the work will be one of general interest.

Furs.—The St. Louis New Era of a late date says:—"We saw yesterday in one of the large fur establishments of our city, a small bale neatly enveloped in sail cloth, containing about 31 square feet, which at present eastern rates will bring to its owner \$1200 or more; its contents were 1500 superior mink skins, the original cost of which were sixty cents each, and forty fine beaver, valued at from \$2 to \$3 50 each. In the same house we noticed a number of bales of coon and other furs which were put up in a very neat FURS.—The St. Louis New Era of a late date says:—"We saw yesterday in one of the large fur establishments of our city, a small bale neatly enveloped in sail cloth, containing about 34 square feet, which at present eastern rates will bring to its owner \$1200 or more; its contents were 1500 superior mink skins, the original cost of which were sixty cents each, and forty fine beaver, valued at from \$2 to \$3 50 each. In the same house we noticed a number of bales of coon and other furs which were put up in a very neat manner for shipment.

The paper was issued weekly.

MEHEMET ALI'S DAUGHTER was married, at Cairo, in December, and the festival was kept up a week. Among the great things done on the occion, we see that, on the first day there was a grand banquet of 800 covers, at which the Viceroy, the Pashas and other dignitaries were present, that the ladies were admitted to a magnificent supper given by the cldest daughter of the Pasha, when not less than 3500 women were present, that the feasts cost about £200,000 sterling, and there were 16 English ladies present.

Samuel Winter.—If Samuel Winter, who, it is believed, left England about the year 1780, and went to reside in that city of Alexandria, in the State of Virginia, in the United States of America, and carried on there the trade or business of a shipwright, or his children or lawful decendants, will apply to Messrs. Brooke and Merton's, solicitors, Margate, they may HEAR OF SOMETHING to their advantage.—London Times, Fcb. 9, 1846.

VAN DIEMAN'S LAND PRISONERS .- The Utica Gazette, of Saturday, states that on the previous night nine of the Van Diemau's Land exiles came up in the cars. They worked their passage home in a whale ship via Sandwich Islands. They are on their way to Watertown, most of them re-siding in Jefferson and Lewis counties. They siding in Jefferson and Lewis counties. They are very destitute, and two or three completely broken down by their sufferings. They left 42 patriot prisoners unpardoned on the Island. They landed at New Bedford on the 13th instant; and were immediately supplied by the liberal inhabitants with means which have enabled them to proceed thus far on their return to their homes and friends. They appeared last evening at Protection Hall, and recounted some of their experience. tion Hall, and recounted some of their experience.

We were much interested and amused, to-day, y the numerical powers of a new Zerah Colburn. He performed with astonishing rapidity various sums in the elementary rules of arithmetic.— Among others, masses of figures were set before sums in the elementary rules of arithmetic.—
Among others, masses of figures were set before him, consisting of columns of considerable length, each number consisting of 1, 2, 3, or 4 figures, at pleasure—and one column embracing as many as 25 numbers. It appeared to us, that before his eye could physically catch the figures, he was ready to place the amount at the foot of the column. Heperformed similar operations in multiplication and division. The rapidity with which he came to the result was surprising. He has on the sheriff, or other officer of such adjoining against juvors after they are county. Exceptions against juvors after they are he came to the result was surprising. He has analysed the process by which he arrives at his county. Exceptions against jurors after they are conclusions, and is prepared to explain it to his pupils in half an hour for \$10. No learn, no pay!

The sheriff, or other officer of such adjoining county. Exceptions against jurors after they are conclusions, and is prepared to explain it to his sworn are not allowed; but, if a juror be unable pupils in half an hour for \$10. No learn, no pay!

The sheriff, or other officer of such adjoining county. Exceptions against jurors after they are conclusions, and is prepared to explain it to his sworn are not allowed; but, if a juror be unable to proceed with his duty from any cause, the court may cause another juror to be sworn in his place. He talks of preparing a new system of arithmetic for the benefit of the community. His name is Peter Deshong, from Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, aged 24. His numerical bump, phrenologically considered, seemed to be wonderfully developed.— Washington Union of Tuesday.

MORALITY OF THE NORTH .- One of the edi-

FROM JAMAICA.—The brig Edward, Captain Dearborne, arrived at New Orleans on the 21st ult. from Kingston, Ja., whence she sailed on the

has invented an inextingushable light, from a com-bination of oxygen and ether, or alcohol, which he says, can be distinguished at a distance of 30

THREE CHILDREN DROWNED.—At Hancock, Delaware county, on the 18th inst., three children of Mr. Calvin Thomas, the eldest a girl of 14, an-The Newark Advertiser states that a bill passed the Legislature of New Jersey to prohibit horse-racing—by just the constitutional number of votes —not one to spare. Racing for money, or where 20 or more people are assembled, is declared to be an offence, and all persons concerned, directly or indirectly giving notice of it, advertising it, &c., to be guilty of a misdemeanor, and punishable by \$1,000 fine or imprisonment not exceeding one year. The bill only waits the signature of the Governor to become a law.

The Philadelphia U. S. Gazette says that Dr. Dyonysius Lardner has been engaged since his arrival in Paris from this country, in the preparation of a Philosophical account of this country, to be entitled "Five Years' Residence in America," or "America in the Nineteenth Century."

SAD ACCIDENT.—The Pointe Coupes Tribune states that a flatboat, owned in Louisville, was seen a short distance above that place floating with the current, and in all apparent safety, when it suddenly disappeared beneath the water, and every person on board perished. One cry of horror escaped from the unfortunate victims as the boat went down, and instantaneously they found a watery grave.

QUICK WORK .- A boot-maker at Dover, Massachusetts, (after they were out) made 24 pairs of thick boots in one week. Another at Clintonville, N. Y. made 25 pair in the same space of time, all in a workmanlike manner. This is the usual work of four hands.

Goop Time for Publishers.—The first newspaper published in Virginia, was established in 1780. The subscription was fifty dollars a year price for advertising, ten dollars the first week, and seven dollars for each subsequent insertion.—The paper was issued weekly.

OF THE LAST GENERAL ASSEMBLY. [CONTINUED:]

An act concerning Sheriffs' and other officers' commissions on executions. Allows the same commissions as were allowed before the passage of the act concerning their commissions, passed March 28th, 1843; except that on executions on forfeited forthcoming bonds, the commission shall be one half of that heretofore allowed, and

An act to provide for the punishment of person convicted of arson in certain cases. Provides, that if any free person shall commit areon, or shall have heretofore committed areon, as defined by the 1st section of the art on that subject, passby the 1st section of the art on that subject, paused February 6, 1819, and it shall appear to the jury on the trial that the life of no person was destroyed, or intended to be destroyed, and that there was some extenuating fact attending the commission of the same, which ought to lower the grade of the offence, the jury may find such extenuating fact along with their verdict of guilty, and may fix the punishment to confinement in the Penitentiary for life or for any shorter period not less than ten years. The court is also empowered after verdict, to grant a new trial in order to graduate the punishment to the justice of the case.

An act concerning trials in criminal cases.—
Provides that in all prosecutions for offences punishable by death or confinement in the penitentiary, the sheriff or other officer shall summon 24 adult freeholders of his bailtwick, possessed of adult freeholders of his bailiwick, possessed of real or personal property of the value of at least \$500, residing remote from the place where the offence is charged to have been committed; and no person shall be of a petit jury for the trial of such offences, unless he be an adult freeholder possessed of estate, real or personal, of the value of at least \$300. Gives the accussed the right to have a copy of the pannel of jurors at any time before arraignment or sentence. If jurors fail to attend, or are challenged for cause, or if the whole array be challenged, the court shall cause others to be summoned from the body of the county, until the pannel of twenty-four is completed.—The jury for the trial of the offence shall be composed of twelve of this number, to be selected by may cause another juror to be sworn in his place. Jurors summoned from adjoining counties are allowed one dollar and twenty-five cents per day for their attendance, and the same mileage as is allowed to witnesses incivil cases. Officers who summon jurors in such prosecutions with inwho summon jurors in such prosecutions with in-tent that such juror shall give verdict for or against the accused, shall be fined not less than \$100, nor more than \$500, and be adjudged in-capable of holding any office of honor or profit un-der the commonwealth; and other persons who by contrivance shall procure a juror to be sum-moned with like intent, shall be fined a like sum. An act to amend an act entitled an act to in-corporate the Winchester and Potomac Railroad

year "to the county where the agency is located;"
in this act the words "or within ten miles of the
location of such agency" are inserted. This year
the tax "on money on hand or on deposite" is
omitted. The tax on bank dividends last year
was "two per cent.;" it is now "one and one-fourth
per cent." The act contained last year the following clause: On every deed "conveying real
estate in fee simple, for life, for a term of years,
or in trust, and upon every deed of trust or mortgage conveying real or personal estate." The
words quoted are omitted in this act, and the tax
is imposed on every deed admitted to record. By
this act the sheriffs are required to discriminate
in making out their tax bills, so as to show what
tax is imposed by the General Assembly, what by
the county court on account of county levies, and
what by the overseers of the poor for parish levies.

An act supplementary to, and amendatory of the act, entitled an act to authorize the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad company to complete their road to the Ohio river, and for other purposes, passed February 19th, 1845. Allows the Company ten years from the 10th March 1847, to complete their railroad to the city of Wheeling, provided they enter into the extention thereof within three years from the passing of this act. Gives them the privilege of purchasing the Winchester and Potomac railroad according to said act passed February 19th, 1845. The taxing power reserved in the 6th section of said act is not to be exercised, until the nett income of the Balbe exercised, until the nett income of the Bal-timore and Ohio Company shall exceed six per

ent.
An act changing the time of comparing the An act changing the time of comparing the polls, and making returns in cases of Congressional and Senatorial elections. The time of meeting to compare the Congressional polls is the 15th day, and that for comparing the Senatorial polls is on the eighth day, after that on which each election shall have commenced. Where any of the polls on the day of meeting are not returned, or are informal, the officers may adjourn to some day, not less than five, nor more than ten days from the first meeting, and issue a summons to the defaulting officers, to testify before them in relation to said poll; and if the comparing officers are satisfied that the poll was taken substantially according to law, they shall regard it as the true poll, and make their return accordingly, stating, however, the character of such informality.—Parties failing to appear and testify under such summons, are liable to a fine of fifty dollars, to be recovered by motion before the circuit court of the county where such parties reside, and the officers failing to make returns, required to pay the expenses of the sheriffs at their adjourned meetings, recoverable by warrant before any justice of the peace for the county in which the delinquent resides.

A Lange Calf.—A calf weighing 240 pounds,

A Lance Carr.—A calf weighing 240 pounds, only 4 months old, was killed in Washington, Pa., a few days ago, by Mr. Thomas Cox.

THE FLAG OF THE UNION. BY MRS. E. L. SCHERMERHORN.

Oh! rend it not—still let it wave.
That star-gemmed flag, o'er land and sea,
Thie cherished signal of the brave,
The glorious banner of the free;
Still let it aeagle soar on high,
Its stripes still fresh, its starsetill bright,
No tempest in the smilling sky,
No gathering cloud to quench their light!
Oh! plant it on each glorious spot,
Unfurl it wide, but rend it not.

There comes a voice from every plain,
From every mount of strife and glory,
Where valor's blood has left a stain,
Or history found a theme for story;
From Bunker hill, from Bennington,
From glorious York the cry is heard;
From vale to mount the sound rolls on,
And e'en the occan-depths are stirred;
From every fame-remembered spot
The cry is heard, Oh! rend it not!

Oh! by the chiefs whose awful forms
Are bending from the starry sky.
Who bore the flag through the war's wild storms.
And proud and glorious bade it fly;
Their blood-bought gift do not despise.
The proudest gift a nation knows—
A flag, bright, streaming to the skies,
That droops not to its vaunting foes.
Oh! be the treasure ne'er forgot—
Unfurl it wide, but rend it not.

Oh! ye, the sons of noble sires,
Who bravely struggled side by side,
Where blazed the tented field's watch-fires,
Or navies pressed the surging tide;
Shall petty blekerings rend the tie,
The oath fraternal scaled with blood!—
Shall that proud banner cease to fly,
A Victor flag o'er field and flood!
No! be the Union ne'er forgot—
Unfurl it wide but rend it not.

Miscellaneous.

THE BROKEN VOW.

In the year 18—, there dwelt in the village of L——, in the interior of this State, a gentleman and his wife, who had a young and lovely daughter. From every appearance he was one of those who had seen better days; for, added to a peculiar cut of the lip, were the polished exterior and gentlemanly air of one who had moved in a high sphere in society—suffice to say the gentleman was a ruined merchant. He had sought retirement in his adversity, to escape the cold, supercilious glances of those who, when his sun of prosperity shone unclouded, he had frequently befriended with a loan, but in the dark mood of fortune avoided him almost as much as if he exhaled contagion. But as a counterpart to the slights of quandam friends, he more than found a solace for his afflictions in the pleasing society of his wife and daughter.

Agnes Russell, that was the daughter's name, was a beautiful girl—not only in the outward graces of her person and manners, but uniting with those pleasing superficials a more solid beauty—the loveliness of mind. Since their retirement to this secluded spot, whether from the mo-

An act imposing taxes for the support of Government. Imposes the same taxes that were imposed by the act of the preceding year, with the following exceptions: Pianos are now taxed one and a half per centum on their value. Last year exhibitors of shows were taxed ten dollars for every exhibitors of shows were taxed ten dollars for every exhibition or performance "for reward;" in this act the words "for reward" are omitted. Last year there was a tax on exhibitors of shows of sixty dollars by the year; this tax is omitted.—Agencies of insurance offices were restricted last year "to the county where the agency is located;" in this act the words "or within ten miles of the

We will now pass over a lapse of two years, during which nothing of note occurred, when one morning Agnes was summoned to her father's presence, who addressed her as follows: "Agnes, you have been mourning long enough, you must quit this useless pining—you cannot live by the dead, lay aside your weeds, you've mourn'd longer than custom requires, and are now at full liberty to receive company, there's plenty of suiters to to receive company, there's plenty of suitors for your hand, and amongst whom is Frederick Langthrop, in wealth a match for an heiress."—
"O, Father! Father!" exclaimed the astonished Agnes, "Inever can receive the addresses of any one, no matter how worthy he may be, I promised Henry on his dying bed to never marry again.—
O! spare me this sacrifice!" said the weeping Agnes. "What," said her father sternly, rising and confronting her, "do you suppose?—folly!" he exclaimed, and his anger found vent in a series of incoherences, requiring Agnes to receive the addresses of Frederick Langthrop, or, as an alternative, the curses of her father. Langthrop pressed his suit, and together with the dreadful anathemas of her father, wrung from her a reluctant consent to become his wife.

anathems of her father, wrung from her a reluctant consent to become his wife.

Mr. Russell's cupidity was excited, and he determined to rise once more in the world and revenge himself on those once dear, now detested
friends—though in attaining his object he should
sacrifice his daughter's happiness, to Mammon.

The interim between her engagement to Langthop,
throp, and the celebration of her naptials, was
spent by Agnes in a state of indescribable agony; the dying words of her dear Henry were ever
ringing in her ears as a knell of departed joye—
his spectre arose in her imisgination, reproaching
her with passive compliance to a wrong; true,
and felt some qualms, but the Rubleon was passed,
and she could not trace her course without incurring her father's displeasure, which she dreaded more than any thing size on earth. At length
the day of har mupitals arrived, and she was led
to the altar like a lamb for sacrifice, they were
married, and she install'd mistress of a princely
mansion; but was she happy?—ask her heart?
doubtless a negative answer would have been
given, as the sequel' will prove. Agnes' father
was now highly gratified, he could return to his
former station in society, and seek revenge on
those who once called themselves his friends but
who deserted him at the first from of Fortune.

Notwithstanding Agnes was aurrounded with
strong severed himself or the fact that the
cubroom had greater attraction for her huaband
than home, and what little affection her huaband
ever had for her, she saw waining with the "honeyen hon," for Langthrop, and his father-in-leav
were so absorbed in the pursuit of pleasure; that
they sceme to forget the co-relative position in
which they stood toward the neglected Agnes.—
True Agnes had given her hand to Langthrop,
but her leave were in the grave, and she stood

and he collegation of the fact that the
cubroom had greater attraction for her huaband
than home, and what little affection her huaband
when her collegation of the fact that the
cubroom had greater

amidst her vast possessions an isolated being—she had no sympathy of feeling with her husband—for she felt that the only heart that ever beat in responsive sympathy to her own, had ceased its throbbings, and though

She never told her hate.

But let concesiment, like a worm in the bud,
Pray on her damask cheek.

Agnes was more desolate now than ever; her Mother, to whom she would fly for solace in her afflictions, had died suddenly, and she was left without a being in the world to whom she could unbosom her troubles. At length, "care and sorrow," borne in silence, had so impaired her health, that the fatal hectic flush, that flower of health, that the fatal hectic flush, that flower of neatth, that the fatal hectic flush, that flower of the grave, made its appearance, and told too plain-ly that her days were numbered. "I never knew one happy hour," said Agnes to a female visitor, "since the grave closed over Henry Grey. My father struck the blow that is breaking my heart, but he is my father still; O! that I may meet him in heaven."

in heaven."
"Twas in the month of May, that month of flowers, when Agnes was called upon, by the angel of death, to render up her immortal part—her father, husband, and a few friends were assembled round husband, and a few friends were assembled round her bed, anxiously awaiting her expiring breath—her lips move, "Henry I am come—father would not believe me, Langthrop is not my hus—"and her spirit had pass'd, not unlike the flickering taper, alternatively rising and sinking, and casting a fitful glare upon surrounding objects.

In conclusion, how many hearts, were their history written, that would present analogy to that tory written, that would present analogy to that of Agnes Russell. Buoyant with hopes too soon to be blighted—forced by the sordid considerations of an avaricious or selfish parent, into an incongenial match; and instead of loving that which is lovely, basely bowing down to Plutus, and closing every avenue of affection. Thus, many a heart congeals for want of a reciprocal sympathy that would otherwise have warm'd instead of chilling within the sphere of its influence.

We know not who is the author of the follow-

We know not who is the author of the following, but it is exquisitely beautiful:

"In all climates spring is beautiful. In the South it is intoxicating, and sets a poet beside himself. The birds begin to sing; they utter a few rapturous notes, and then wait for an answer in the silent woods. Those green casted musicians, the frogs, make a holiday in the neighboring marshes. They too, belong to the orchestra of Nature, whose vast theatre is again opened, though the deers have been so long botted with though the doors have been so long bolted with icicles, and scenery hung with snow and frost-like cobwebs. This is the prelude which announces the rising of the broad green curtain. Already the grass shoots forth. The waters leap with thrilling pulse through the veins of the earth, the sap through the veins of the plants and trees, and the blood through the veins of man. What a thrill of delight in spring time! What a joy in being and moving! Men are at work in the gardens, and in the air there is an odor of the fresh earth. ment to this secluded spot, whether from the monotony that a village presents, or the ennul consequent upon an abrupt withdrawal from the galities and excitement of fashionable life in a city, a shade of melancholy had seated itself upon her brow; maugre this, she was lively without being gay, and pensive without being gloomy. During the hey-day of her fathers prosperity there was one with whom she became acquainted, who not only appreciated her worth, but left the potency of her charms. He proposed and was accepted. dandelions—pull out the yellow leaves to see if the school boy loves them, and blow them down from the leafless stalk to find if their mother wanta them at home. And at night so cloudless and so still! not a voice of living thing, not a whisper of leaf or waving bough, not a breath of wind, not a sound upon the earth or in the air!

And overhead bends the blue sky, dewy and soft and radiant with innumerable stars, like inverted and breathing fragrance. Or if the heavens are overcast, it is not wild storm of rain, but clouds that melt and fall in showers. One does not wish to sleep, but lies awake to hear the pleasant sound of the dropping rain."

ELOQUEST EXTRACT.—A spirit of fault finding; an unsatisfied temper; a constant irritability; little inequalities in the look, the temper, or the manner; a brow cloudy and dissatisfied—your husband or your wife cannot tell why—will inore than neutralize all the good you can do, and render life any thing but a blessing. It is in such gentle and quiet virtues as meekness and forbearance, that the happiness and usefulness of life consist, far the happiness and usefulness of life consist, far more than brilliant elequence and splendid talent, or illustrious deeds that shall send the name to future times.

It is the bubbling spring which flows gently; the little revulet which glides through the meadow, and which runs along day and night by the farm-house that is useful, rather than the swollen flood or the warring cataract. Niagare excites our wonder; and we stand amazed at the powour wonder; and we stand amazed at the power and greatness of God there, as he 'pours it from his hollow hand.' But one Niagara is enough for a continent or a world; while that same world needs thousands and tens of thousands of silver fountains and gently flowing rivulets, that shall water every farm and every meadow and every garden, and that shall flow on, every day and every night with their gentle and quiet beauty. So with the acts of our lives. It is not by great deeds only, like those of the martyrs—that good is to be done; it is by the daily and quiet virtues of life—the christian temper, the meck forbearance, the spirit of forgiveness in the husband, the wife, the friend, the neighbor, that good is to be done; and in this all may be useful.—Rev. Albert Barnes.



CHABLESTOWY : Friday Morning, April 10, 1846.

CANDIDATES FOR THE LEGISLATURE.

JEFFERSON COUNTY-(WHIG CANDIDATES.) WM. B. THOMPSON, ANTHONY KENNEDY, ANDREW HUNTER, WM. CHAMBERS, JAS. A. FITZSIMMONS, L. B. WASHINGTON.

PREDERICK-(DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATES.)
WILLIAM WOOD, JAMES H. CARSON.
CLARKE & WARREN-[DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE.]
JAMES CASTLEMAN.

MORGAN COUNTY. J. C. BARNEY, (D.) | J. W. BREATHED, (W.) PAGE—(DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATES.)
Col. JOHN McPHERSON, | Capt. A. F. GRAYSON

LOUDOUN-(DEMOGRATIC CANDIDATES.) Col. JOHN LESLIE, Capt. JNO. MATTHEWS, EDWARD HAMMATT.

We are authorized to announce ALFRED MOSS.

Eq., (D.) as a candidate to represent the Senatorial District composed of Loudoun and Fairfax Counties, in the next Senate of Virginia.

27 We are authorized to announce SANFORD I. RAMEY, (W.) as a candidate to represent the District composed of Loudoun and Fairfax counties, in the next Senate of Virginia.

Money, Money !

The Second volume of our paper is approaching its close. There are many who have as yet paid us nothing on subscription, &c. To all such we would say, that during the next few weeks their accounts for the lst and the current year will be made out, and if they are not presented, we should be glad if they would call at the office and settle them. There are certainly none who expect our labor for nothing, and we shall therefore hope that the amount due us may be paid previous to the expiration of the present volume. Though our terms require three dollars after the expiration of the year, we are willing to receive from all who owe for the 1st and 2d volume, five dollars, if paid previous to the expiration of the present year.

This notice is only given because we want money, and heretofore we have not called upon our patrons in vain-The expenses of a printing office are heavy, and nothin but the money will meet them. We endeavor to meel our engagements punctually, and to do this, must of necessity rely upon those who enjoy the fruits of our labor.

Found Dead.

On Monday last, as some gentlemen were fishing in the Shenandoah river, near Mrs. Lewis' Mill, they discovered a dead body floating down the river, which they immediately rescued. It proved to be that of a white man, well dressed. and which apparently had been in the water for some days. Nothing was found on his person by which he could be identified, but it is conjectured that the body is that of a Mr. Johnson, a pedlar, who was drowned in attempting to cross the Shenandoah, at Snickers' Ferry, during the recent high water. An inquest was held on Wednesday, but we have not as yet heard their verdict.

Do you want Business?

The 1st of April, that day of endless moving and removing of our citizens, has come and gone. And our Merchants, Mechanics, &c., who have become "fixed" for the ensuing year, should take the earliest opportunity to inform their country friends and customers where they may be found : and the best plan we can conceive of, to enable them to do so, is to Advertise. We entertain no kind of doubt that, every one who will avail themselves of this cheap and most efficacious manner of obtaining customers, will realize at least one hundred per cent, on the small sum expended.

Those who have heretofore occupied the columns of the " Spirit of Jefferson," we venture to say have had no cause to regret the amount expended in this way. We shall always be pleased to Capt. Newcomb, of New Bedford, at Bocas Del receive the favor of our friends and the public generally, in the way of Advertisements.

The Fruit Prospect.

It is thought that the peaches in this section of the State have all been killed in the bud during winter,-as well as cherries and plums. This however, may not be the case in all situations, though it very frequently happens when the fal is late and warm, that the new buds swell and they are then sure to be killed by a hard winter .see it also stated that in the southern portion of the State, most or nearly all of the finer qualities of the peach have been killed; having been more advanced in the fall, while of the natura fruit they may have plenty.
[Mansfield (Ohio) Shield.

It is very much feared that the fruit, (particuularly the peach,) has met with the same fate in this section of Virginia. We have examined numerous buds of the peach, and find them without the least vitality. If this should prove to be general, it will be a great loss to the country, as the fruit crop is not only one of importance as a luxu- fect .- Rich. Enq. ry, but no inconsiderable item in a pecuniary point

In our notice last week of the graduates at Jefferson Medical College, we omitted to state the name of ALEXANDER GIBSON, of Harpers-Ferry. We regret this failure on our part, as the young gentleman has many warm and ardent friends, who feel a deep interest in his success. He passed through his examination with great credit, and in a manner that augurs well for his future eminence and distinction.

Daguerrean Plate.

We have been shown a fine drawing of Capt. Sappington's Hotel, taken by the Daguerrean process, on a plate some five or six inches square, by Mr. L. T. KERFOOT. The representation is strikingly correct, and every portion of this large and handsome Hotel, is exhibited on the plate.-The whole is tastefully colored, and reflects great

FIRE MEAR WILLIAMSPORT, MD .- We learn from the Williamsport Times, that the very handsome and valuable former residence of the Hon. John Buchanan, dec'd., about 2 miles from Hon. John Buchanan, dec'd., about 2 miles from that place, took fire from the burning of a chimney and burned to the ground, on Friday last, between the hours of 2 and 3 o'clock, P. M. Nearly all the valuable furniture, &c., in the house was rescued. The two wings of the main build-

By Shad were selling on Friday, at the Fish wharf, in Alexandria, at \$6,50 per hundred; and herring \$4,50 per thousand.

The bill providing for carrying out the deal of the founders of our Government, and for pro-tecting the people against the abuses of the papermoney system, by keeping banking institutions in no doubt but what that body will pass it. The present Federal coins, gold and silver, are the legal tender, and yet the Government is receiving paper money; and this bill simply provides for the that purpose, are not only bound, with sureties for a faithful discharge of duty, but liable to criminal punishment for any fraudulent abuse of trust. Of the correctness of the principle, we entertain not the shadow of a doubt; and, as a matter of policy, we cannot conceive any valid objection to

it. We believe the people will sustain the meameasure remains, perhaps, one among, if not the last, of the acts of the memorable extra (Whig) session of 1841, that has not been since reversed, and we hope it will soon become a law of the

"Nemo" shall have a place in our next pa per. His communication was received too late. for to-day's issue.

ROBERT E. Scorr, Esq., has been nominated by the Whigs of Fauquier as a candidate for re election to the next House of Delegates.

ACQUITTAL OF MR. RITCHIE .- A letter from Richmond, Va., dated Sunday morning, states that on the previous evening, the jury in the case of T. Ritchie, Jr., charged with the murder of J. H. him of the charge. This verdict is considered equivalent to the honorable acquittal of the seconds and all parties concerned in the melancholy uffair.

INCREASE OF THE NAVY AND ARMY .- A Washington correspondent of the Baltimore American, alluding to the estimates of the Navy Bureau, says that Commodores Morris, Warrington, Crane and Shubrick proposed, under estimates prepared by the Secretary of the Navy, the following increase of the Navy:

In men, thirty-six thousand eight hundred.

Expenditure 20,000,000.

And the increase of the vessels in commission to the following number:

Frigates, 40
Sloops of War, 30
An increase of fifty-eight vessels of War in all.
The Secretary of War did not go to this extreme, but proposed an increase of fifty thousand to the Standing Army, the whole force to be under the control of the President of the United States.

SPECULATION IN FLOUR IN NEW ORLEANS .- Th New Orleans correspondent of the Charleston Courier says:

Now that the flour fever has subsided, it is cu two months ago he had 3600 bbls. In his store, which had cost him \$4.75 per barrel, and for which he had a standing offer for several days of \$7 50 per barrel,—but \$8 was his mark, and he refused it. Flour then began to decline, but "the next steamer," was to make all right. Steam, however, was of no avail, and prices continued declin-ing, till the whole was finally disposed of at about the original cost.

TE It is remarkable that in empanneling the jury for the trial of Tirrell, no person expressed any scruples as to capital punishment; on the contrary all that were interrogated declared that they had no such scruples. This is worthy of notice in view of the great agitation at the North among a particular class of men on the question of abolishing capital punishment.

New GRENADA .- Outrage on American Citizens and Property.—We omitted to notice in our last a report sent in by our news collector, of an outrage committed on the American schr, Oregon, Tora, where she put in in distress, the 4th November last. The commandant or prefecture seized the vessel and cargo without any known cause, and detained them twenty days. A considerable part of the cargo was stolen by the officials, the captain was insulted and his men seized, which, with other insults, constitute a fair case for the interference of our Government. The captain en-tered a protest in Jamaica before our Consul, Gen. Harrison, who forwarded it to Washington, where it will, no doubt, receive the prompt attention of the Administration.—New York Sun.

MELANCHOLY ACCIDENT.—On the morning of the 25th, Mr. Talton B. Woodson and three negro men, in attempting to cross James River, at the mouth of Rockfish, Va., in a small batteau, were all drowned. Several persons witnessed the awful event, but none could rescue them.— Search was immediately made for the bodies of the deceased, but none could be found, except that of Mr. Woodson, which was discovered, after having been under water about an hour, some distance below where he was last seen. Every exertion was made to restore life, but without el

SANTA FE EXPEDITION .- An expedition has been recently got up in this city, for a venture to Santa Fe, which includes several of the fashionables of Baltimore, among them, two Messrs. Hoff-man, Mr. William Meredith and Mr. John Morris. They take their departure we understand to day, fully equipped for whatever they may have to encounter, live Mexicans, catamounts, or any thing of a like character. Should things proving favorable, they will probably push their way to California, and in the fashion of the day may be annex Yucatan. We wish them all the success and enjoyment they may promise themselves, and commend the enterprise to our readers as one eminently exemplary, to all who have the means, the leisure or the inclination. We scarcely doubt but they will have some of their acquaintences prefly even following in their footness. tances pretty soon following in their footsteps.

[Balt. Sun, of Monday.

NEW YORK IMPORTS AND EXPORTS .- The imports at the port of New York during the quarter ending the 31st ult., foot up at the round total of \$19,824,595, which is an increase upon the cor-The whole is tastefully colored, and reflects great credit upon the skill of Mr. Kerfoot, in bringing his apparatus to such perfection. He informs us that it would be a matter of no difficulty to take a plate of the whole town, which he designs doing during his stay in our village.

\$19,624,090, which is an increase upon the corresponding quarter of last year of \$2,444,358.—
The exports of the same time amounted to \$3,882,872,761 were specie. The total is \$821,255 less than the exports of the same quarter of '45. The duties received during the quarter were \$5,360,835 36, which is an increase of \$723,973,13 upon the receipts of the first quarter of last year.

ter of last year. LATER FROM SANTA FE.—A company of Mixican and American traders have arrived at St. Louis from Santa Fe. They were robbed of their horses and mules on the plains by the Pawnee Indians. The Eutaw Indians had killed five Mexicans and wounded one on the Santa Fe road.

Another company were some days travel behind this company, having also met some obstruction this company, having also met some obstruction from Indians. They had just heard of the revolution in Mexico, and the troops at Santa Fe were ordered below. This company brought with them 350 pounds of gold, in dust, and expect to return with a heavy stock of goods this spring.

Three candidates are before the people of this District, for a seat in the Senate of Virginia: Mr. RAMEY and Gen. Rogers, both uncor ing Whige, and perhaps entitled to divide the the exercise of proper and legitimate functions, has passed the House of Representatives, and is now before the Senate, for its action. We have this proposition with the un-hoodwinked eye of common, practical understanding. Mr. Moss was not brought out to take advantage of any di-vision of the Whig party; for he was announced, collection of the public revenues in such coin; or the design to bring out a Democratic candidate and for its custody officers especially appointed for was formed and made public, before any third candidate was in the field. Let this be distinctly

The Democrate are the weaker party in this District; but how is a man to find when he has lost, except he go and search-how is a man to acquire what he has not, except he strive? A sensible farmer who desires an increase in quansure, regardless of the croaking of a few interest-ed politicians, and all other influences. This thorns, where it will be "choked and yield no fruit." What advantage to his party or his principles, can any Democrat reasonably expect from giving his vote to Mr. Ramey in this contest ?-None, none imaginable. If even it were honest policy, Mr. Ramey's friends would not reciprocate the compliment under like circumstances. But such is not sound policy at any time, for any party, acting on principle. Will Mr. Ramey vote for a Democratic U. S. Senator the coming winter, as the first fruit of his gratitude?

The plain, obvious policy of the Democratic party, in this county and District is, in every contest, to have their full number of candidates to represent and boldly advocate their principles; and when such are found to bear the flag gallantly and worthily, it is the duty of Democrats, one and Pleasants, Esq., in a rencountre, returned a verdict on Saturday evening, honorably acquitting cheerfully "bear the heat and burden of the day." No Democrat can conscientiously reconcile himself to any other course. Let the Democratic party do this for a few brief seasons, and I undertake to prophecy, the day is not very far distant when the scale will turn in their favor. Many of the influential men in this District only followed the Deposites when they were removed by Gen. Jack-

Let me repeat, Democrats, your true self-protecting policy is, in every political contest, to husband your strength, and especially now, to concentrate it on your own county candidates for the Lower House, and Mr. Moss for the Senate. It is surely unwise to direct your strength against the interests and objects of your own party, and like the strong man of old, who, when blinded, grasped the pillars of Gaza's temple, and pulled down the fabric on himself, to consummate resentment.

A LOUDOUN DEMOCRAT.

Rhode Island Election.

There was no choice at the recent election for Governor. The old issues of Dorrism were fought over again, but Diman, the candidate of the "Law and Order" party, failed to receive a vote sufficient to elect. His opponent was Jackson. In the Legislature, the Law and Order party have a marious to note what has been. A merchant, and a Legislature, the Law and Order party have a mashrewd one, too, told me this morning that some jority of some 20 on joint ballot, and will doubtless elect Mr. Diman as the next Governor of Rhode

> The Mail from Baltimore failed again on yesterday. If the Postmaster General keeps note of the frequent failures of late between Baltimore and Harpers-Ferry, he will see that there is need of reform in this particular.

> MELANCHOLY, - We regret to state that a daughter, about 5 years of age, of Mr. Wm. Ambrose, of this county, was drowned on Monday last by falling accidentally into his cistern.
>
> [Martinshurg Republican.

THE FLOOD AT THE EAST .- The following from the Bangor (Me.) Mercury, of Tuesday, gives some idea of the extent of damage by the recent freshet in that State :

During the afternoon of vesterday there were many well directed efforts to secure lumber, and other property exposed. The anxiety of the peo-ple was great, and the streets and banks of the river and stream was thronged with both sexes, and all ages.

There was no regular service during the day in

A little before seven o'clock the jam gave way, and the whole mass moved off with a majesty and power beyond all description. The noble Penob-

scot Bridge went off with the moving mass.

The Kenduskeag Market building, in which our office was situated, passed over the Kenduskeag bridge, just delicately courtseying as it crip-There passed out from the Kenduskeng stream

three bridges and some eight or ten buildings, be-sides the large market house.

The roar of the river, as it hurried its huge burden along, was terrific, and its display of strength caused men to shrink into comparative nothing-

The flood has passed, and the great jam has worked its fierce and everlasting way to the great ocean, bearing destruction in its course all along upon the shore of the river.

MELANCHOLY AFFAIR .- We learn from a gentleman from St. Mary's county, that at Charlotte Hall, on Friday last, while an examination of some character was going on before a magistrate a difficulty arose between Mr. Blackistone, State Senator from St. Mary's county, and George G. Ashcomb, Esq., during which weapons were drawn. While the parties were in this position, a young man, a lawyer, drew a pistol, and step-ping up behind Mr. Ashcomb fired a ball into his head. He was not dead at the last accounts, but no hope was entertained that he could survive.— We understand that Mr. Blackistone represented the interests of the family of the young man who fired the pistol, in the case which was going on. These are all the particulars we could learn of this sad affair.—Balt. Sun.

MAKING PANTS .- No wonder, says the Portland Bulletin, the poor women starve and die. Twen-ty-five cents apiece only for making coarse panta-loons; and it takes an expert hand to finish one pair a day, to the neglect of all other work. Five hundred stitches for a cent! Verily, Philanthropy has fallen dead and Avarice stalks forth un-

DEAD LETTERS,-There has been a large increase in the number of dead letters received at the General Post Office since the reduction of postage. The number received during the last quarter will not fall short of four hundred thousand.

DEATH OF MAJOR MASON.—The public will regret to hear of the death of Maj. SETH MASON, of this county, of a very short illness, on Wednesday evening the 25th ultimo. Major Mason was a gentleman of great worth, and has been "gathered to his fathers" at a good old age, universally esteemed for his many and noble qualities.

Winchester Republican.

RELEASED .- John F. Tucker, who made the ssault upon Captain Ramsay and his sons, in Washington city a few days ago, in a fit of mania potu, was released yesterday on giving \$500 security to appear at the criminal court.

The House of Representatives on Thursday ast passed the Sub-Treasury Bill. Below we give the vote on its passage. The following are he main provisions of the Bill :

the main provisions of the Bill:

Section 5. Provides for the appointment of receivers-general, to hold their offices for the term of four years, at the city of New York, at Boston and the city of St. Louis.

Sec. 6. Provides that receiving officers of customs and of lands, and all postmasters, with certain named exceptions, shall keep the money paid in to them, without using it, till the same is ordered to be transferred or be paid out.

Sec. 9. Provides that all receivers of public money within the District of Columbia shall, whenever directed by the Secretary of the Treasu-

whenever directed by the Secretary of the Treasury, or Postmaster-General, pay the money received by them into the Treasury; and that all receivers of public money elsewhere shall pay the money received by them to the receivers-general, at least as often as once a week.

eral, at least as often as once a week.

Sec. 10. Provides for the transfer of the public money upon the order of the Secretary of the Treasury.

Sec. 15. Makes it the duty of the Secretary of

Sec. 15. Makes it the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury, with as much promptitude as the convenience of the public business and the safety of the public funds will permit, to withdraw the balances remaining with the present depositories.

Sec. 17 Directs the manner in which the books shall be kept, &c., and provides that any punishable, on conviction, by imprisonment for not less than six months, nor more than ten years, and a fine equal to the amount of money embez-

Sec. 19. Provides that after the thirteenth day of June, 1846, one-third part of all duties, taxes, sale of public lands, debts, and sums of money accraing or becoming due to the United States shall be collected in the legal currency of the United States, and from and after the thirtieth of June 1847, one other third part shall be collected in each currency; and after the thirtieth of June 1848, the remaining one third part shall be collected; and from and after the last mentioned day

all payments of government dues or of postage shall be in gold and silver only.

Sec. 20. Directs all payments made by every officer or agent of the government, after the last mentioned period, to be in gold and silver only.

Sec. 21. Forbids any exchange of funds by any of the officers or agents of the Government, other than an exchange for gold and silver; and directs every disbursing officer, when the means for his disbursements are furnished him in currency legally receivable, to make his payments received for the drafts furnished, unless he can, in either case, exchange the means in his hands

or gold and silver at par. Sec. 28. Makes it the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury to issue and publish regulations; to enforce the speedy presentation of all Governdrafts shall be presented for payment; and to drafts shall be presented for payment; and to guard, as far as may be against those drafts dead. His funeral, which was an imposing cerebeing used or thrown into circulation as a paper monial of military and civic mourning, was cele-

currency, or medium of exchange.

Sec. 24. Fixes the salaries of the receivers general, &c. The receiver general at New York is to be paid \$4,000 per annum; at Charleston \$2,500, and at St. Louis \$2,500, &c.

The vote on the final passage of the bill was as follows:

YEAS—Messrs. Stephen Adams, Anderson, Atkinson, Bayly, Bedinger, Benton, Biggs, James Black, James A. Black, Bowlin, Boyd, Brinkerhoff, Brockenbrough, Brodlead, Wm. G. Brown, Burt, Catheart, Reuben Chapman, Chase, Chipman, Clarke, Cobb, Collin, Constable, Cullom, Cummins, Cunningham, Daniel, Jefferson Davis, De Mott, Dillingham, Dobbin, Douglass, Dromgoole, Dunlap, Ellsworth, Faran, Ficklin, Foster, Friew, Garvin, Giles, Goodyear, Gordon, Grover, Hamlin, Haralson, Harmanson, Henley, Hoge, Isnac E. Holmes, Hopkins, Hough, George S. Houston, Hungerford, James B. Hunt, Hunter, Charles J. Ingersoll, Jenkins, James H. Johnson, Joseph Johnson, Andrew Johnson, McClelland, McConnell, McCrate, Joseph J. McDowell, McKay, John P. Martin, Barely Martin, Moree, Moulton, Niven, Owen, Parish, Payne, Petit, Phelps, Price, Rahbun, Reid, Relie, Rhett, Roberts, Sawielle, Sawyer, Scammon, Seddon, Alexander D. Sims, Leonard H. Sims, Simpson, Thos, Smith, Robert Smith, Stanton, Starkweather, St. John, Sykes, James Thompson, Thurman, Tibbats, Tredway, Wentworth, Wheaton, Wick, Williams, Wilmot, Wood; Woodruff, Woodward, Woodworth, Yancey and Yell—122.

Navs—Messrs, Abbott, John Q. Adams, Arnold, Ash-The vote on the final passage of the bill was as

Yell—122.

NAYS—Messrs. Abbott, John Q. Adams, Arnold, Ashmun, Barringer, Bell, Blanchard, Milton Brown, Buffington, William W. Campbell, Carroll, John G. Chapman, Cocke, Callamer, Cranston, Grozier, Culver, Garrett Davis, Dixon, Duckery, John H. Ewing, Edwin H. Ewing, Foot, Gentry, Giddings, Graham, Grider, Harper, Herrick, Hilliard, John W. Honston, S. D. Hubbard, Hudson, Washington Hunt, Joseph R. Ingersoll, Daniel P. King, Thomas Butler King, Lewis, Long, McGaughey, P. Ring, I alomas Butter Ring, Lewis, Long, including McHenry, McIlly Aine, Marsi, Miller, Mosely, Pendleton, Pollock, Ramsey, Julius Rockwell, John A. Rockwell, Runk, Schenck, Severance, Truman Smith, Albert Smith, Stewart, Thibodeaux, Thomasson, Benjamin Thompson, Tilden, Trumbo, Vinton, White, Winthrop, Wright and Young—66.

ANOTHER SLAVER TAKEN .- A letter dated Liverpool, March 3, reports the capture of the North-umberland, from the Unitd States, at the island of St. Johns, by a brazilian schooner of war. Cargo and vessel are condemned, and are worth £7000 to £8000; besides there is a heavy fine. It is suggested that the vessel is probably the Terre Fogo, now under the Brazilian flag.

ANOTHER INCENDIARY FIRE, -An attempt was made at about 1 o'clock on Friday morning to burn the Park Piace House, at New York. The fire was kindled upon a stairway leading from the street to the kitchen, and when discovered had made such progress as to fill the house with smoke, and alarm its inmates. It was got under without any very serious injury to the premises, but was, our informant says, without doubt the work of an incendiary, and would have succeeded but for the timely discovery.

Business in New York .- The New York correspondent of the Philadelphia Ledger says;—
"Our jobbing houses have been very busy for a
week past, and several very large sales of dry goods
at auction have taken place. The prices gener-

McClintock, resigned.

John M. McCalla, of Kentucky, Second Audi-

tor of the Treasury, vice William B. Lewis re-John R. Macmurdo, of Lousiana, Treasurer of

John R. Macmurdo, of Loussana, Treasurer of the Branch Mint of the United States, at New Or-leans, vice Horace C. Cammack, removed. Felix Grundy Mayson, to be second lieutenant in the marine corps, from 14th November last, vice Lieut. Robert D. Taylor, deceased. Reuben Burdine, of Washington, and Henry Reaver, of Georgetown, to be Justices of the

NORFOLK .- The increase of Norfolk in business wealth and population, within the last few years, is said to have been, steady and healthful. Improved real estate in the borough increased in value during the last fiscal year \$122,048; and the total value of improved real estate at the present time is \$3,874,023. There has been, since the year 1840, an increase of fifty per cent. In the number of taxable white males. Continued and accelerated success to the noble old scaport town of Viceins.

DEATH BY POISON.—A young lady about 17 years of age, named Elizabeth Smith, died from poison in Philadelphia, on Saturday, having attempted to drink, in mistake for a glass of wine, some bil of vitrol from a bottle which she found in

LATER FROM EUROPE.

The fine packet ship Silvie de Grasse, Capt. Rich, arrived at New York on Saturday morning, from Havre, whence she sailed on the 5th ult.—She brought Paris papers of the 4th, and Havre, of the 5th ult., inclusive.

The Packet ship Dutchess d'Orleans, from N. York, arrived at Havre on the 4th ult. She carried out the intelligence of the passage of the Oregon notice resolution in the House of Representatives.

tatives.

The Paris money market was easier and more animated on the 4th ult.

The Chamber of Deputies continued, on the 3d ult., the discussion on the internal navigation bill. The article granting 5,000,000fr. for the improvement of the part of the Seine that runs through Paris, was adopted.

The packet ship St. Nicholas, was to leave Havre on the 8th ult., for New York.

The advices from Madrid are of the 25th of February. It is said that there has been a venture.

ruary. It is said that there has been a rupture

in the negotiation for the marriage of Count de Trapani to the Queen of Spain.

An important reduction in the duty on salt des-tined for agricultural uses, has been made in the French Tariff, which excites much attention, and will give great activity to the importation of that

Another terrible railroad accident had happened in France, on the line between St. Etienne and Lyons. A concussion took place between two loaning of the public money or conversion of it to private use, shall be adjudged an embezzlement of such money, which is declared to be a felony, punishable, on conversion has been a felony, one locomotive. Six were smashed to pieces in an instant, as well as both locomotives. Eight persons were killed on the spot, among whom were two women and a child. Ten were wounded fatally and twenty badly. This catastrophe caused great excitement throughout the country, equalling almost the famous Versailles disaster.

The fortifications of Paris are now completely

finished. The fossess and ramparts are being sowed with grass seed. Six years have been spent in this gigantic work.

A letter from Adrianople states that a part of the town of Phillipopolis was burned down on the 12th ult. The details are not given, but 2,500

houses are said to be destroyed.

We have already stated that the account in German papers, relative to the revolution move-ments in Prussian Poland, Cracow, &c., were so contradictory that it was impossible for us to arrive at any concluion as to the truth. The news from Poland is calculated to produce none but painful emotions, and we can only view with grief

movement, the issue of which is but too certain.

A letter from Dresden, of February 24, says: "In consequence of the revolutionary movements in Poland, all the Russian Poles resident abroad have received orders from their government to re-turn, under pain of confiscation of their property. Many who were residing in Saxony have already left. M. de Schroader, Charge de Affaires of Rus-sia, who had gone to Weimar, has been recalled, as his presence here, in the present state of affairs, is considered necessary."

brated at St. Louis, on Saturday morning, 21st ult. The Evening Journal says: The procession was formed in front of the Planters' House. The six companies of U.S. Infantry, under the com-mand of Col. Davenport, preceded by some U.S. Officers of high rank, composed the front escort. The steady and solemn tread of these troops, and the plaintive death song of their accomplished band, formed an imposing part of the mourning pageant. Next came the clergymen and bearers in carriages then the hearse, while the rear-escort was composed of all the volunteer companies of the city of St. Louis, in their splendid uniforms, with muffled drums, shrouded colors-their fine bands wailing out Pleyel's dirge or the Dead March in Saul. The rear escort was brought up by a fine and sol liery company of artillery with their two brass cannons. Next came the line of citizens in car-

The roar of cannon announced from the coun-

try the moment of interment.

The effect of the dirges from the U. S. Band, the volunteer Band, and the mounted Band of French horns and bugles attached to the Dragoons was thrilling and sublime, reminding one of Scott's Lay of the Last Minstrel at the grave of Musgraves

"The harp's wild notes though hush'd the song,
The mimic march of death prolong;
Now seems it far, and now a-near;
Now meets, and now cludes the ear;
Now seems some mountain side to sweep,
Now fain'ly dies in valley's deep;
Seems now as if the minstrel's wait,
Now the sad seems load a wall. Seems now as if the minstrel's wail, Now the sad requiem loads the gale: Last o'er the warrior's closing grave, Rung the full choir in coral stave."

TWO BROTHERS FROZEN TO DEATH .- A letter from Melrose, Clarke county, Illinois, states that Mr. Charles Auld and Samuel M. Auld left Melrose on the 24th February last, somewhat intoxited. As it was common for them to "spree it" some days at a time, not much attention was paid to their absence, until March 4th, their elder brother and a neighbor went in search of them, and awful to tell, the brother found one of them lying dead in the prairie, not more than a mile from where they had supped nine days before. At an early hour next morning the prairie seemed to be alive with men on horseback, in search of the other. He was found lying flat on his back, as though he laid down to sleep, perfectly dead. He has left a young and lovely wife, with many friends, to mourn his untimely death. The other has left three helpless children without a parent to watch

over their tender years. THE ASTOR AND HOWARD HOUSES ON FIRE. Both the Astor and Howard Houses, New York took fire about the same hour on Tuesday evening, and both made narrow escapes. Neither, fortunately, was much damaged. In both instances upper bed rooms were fired by diabolical incendiaries. The scene of alarm and confusion at the Astor particularly may be well imagined.— Some of the stores under the Astor House were materially damaged by water.

at auction have taken place. The prices generally realized at the more recent sales are not equal to those obtained earlier in the season; and it is supposed that serious losses have been sustained by the owners, and the regular importers injured by the reduced prices which have obtained through these forced sales for the accommodation of the foreign owners."

Appointments by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.—Richard J. McCulloh, to be melter and refiner of the Mint of the United States at Philadelphia, vice Jonas R. McClintock, resigned.

FIRE AT PURTSMOUTH, VA.—We learn from the Portsmouth New Era that on Friday morning, about 3 o'clock, a fire broke out in the dwelling house of Mr. John Snyder, on County street, and consumed the dwelling and grocery store of that gentleman, the fire then caught the dwelling of Mr. Combes, and before the engines arrived both houses were in ruins. Nothing worth speaking of was saved from either of the houses—it was undoubtedly the work of an incendiary.

STEAMBOAT SURK.—Several Lives Lost.—The steamboat Wabash Valley. Cart.

steamboat Wabash Valley, Capt. Payne, from White river for New Orleans, came in collision with a steamboat, name unknown, when about two miles below Jefferson college. The accident occured a little after midnight. The boat sunk to her cabin floor. One hand is known to have been drowned, and several cabin passengers are supposed to have been lost.

Poisoned By Locofoco Matches.—We regret to state, that a little son of Capt. James P. Williamson, in this vicinity, was poisoned a few days since, by chewing a box in which there had been locofoco matches. He died in a very few hours. [Clarkesville Va. Herald.

SUICIDE.—At an early hour on Saturday morning, Mr. David Hummell, jr., a saddler, of Harrisburg, Pa., in a fit of temporary insanity, it is supposed, committed suicide by hanging himself from a girder in the garret of his house. He was a high-lay respectable and worthy young married man.

MORMONS .- The Port Huron (Mich.) Observe eays, that twenty wagon loads of Mormons—men, women and children—passed through that village last week, on their way to California. They were principally Canadians, and presented rather an abject appearance.

A son of Hon. Romulus M. Saunders, of North Carolina, is now in the Lunatic Hospital at Con-cord, N. H.

CONGRESSIONAL REPORTS

Twenty-Ninth Congress-First Session. Correspondence of the Baltimore Sun

Correspondence of the Baltimore Sun.

WASHINGTON, April 3, 1846.

The Democratic members of both Houses are certainly agreed upon one measure—the Sub-Treasury—however conflicting may be their views upon the Tariff, Oregon, and internal improvement questions. There are now no conservatives in regard to the policy of separating the government from the banks and of demanding payment of government dues in specie. The bill will undoubtedly pass the Senate, and will go into operation on the 30th of June next. It is certain that it will continue in operation during the present t will continue in operation during the present administration; and, unless there should be a po-litical revolution in 1848, or some other remarka-ble circumstances should demand the re-establish-ment of the national bank, it will probably con-tinue forever.

It is the very general impression, even among the Whigs, that Executive discretion in regard to the collection and deposite of the public revenue, ought to be limited by law, and the Sub-Treasury cannot, in this view, be more objectionable to any party than the present system.

The surplus funds on hand can never exceed

The surplus funds on hand can never exceed seven or eight millions, (Mr. Dromgoole says five,) and will, hereafter, probably be much less; so that the amount of specie thus abstracted from the banks will be too small to be sensibly felt. The amount of specie now in the country is estimated at a hundred millions, while the whole amount in the world (according to Sir Robert Peel) is four hundred and fifty millions.

I learn that it is determined by the Democratic members of the House to proceed, next week, to pass all the Oregon measures which the President recommended in his annual Message—the extension of our laws over the territory; the establishment of a line of stockade ports; the establishment of an Indian agency; the prospective grant of lands to settlers, &c.

of lands to settlers, &c.

The Senate bill for raising one regiment of mounted men will also probably pass, as they will be necessary for the protection of settlers and emigrants.
What will be done in regard to the war esti-

mates, and those preparations which a "wise pre-caution demands," is not decided. But, according to Mr. Benton, who as chairman of the committee on military affairs, and can speak excathedra, there is no necessity for the extra appropriation of twenty-one millions.

WASHINGTON, April 4th, 1846. SENATE.—Some unimportant matters having

SENATE.—Some unimportant matters having been disposed of, the resolution relative to the printing of an extra number of copies of the Patent Office report again came up. Mr. Ashley took the floor and vindicated the office from the charge of humbuggery, which had been brought against it by Mr. Sevier, who, like many others, confounded the Patent Office with the National Institute. Institute.

The morning hour having expired, the Senate then resumed the consideration of the Oregon Notice resolutions.

able question of title, and argued that our right extends no farther than 49. He also adduced auextends no larther than 49. He also addiced authorities to show that Oregon is worth nothing for agricultural purposes. He was with Mr. Webster, convinced that public sentiment on both sides the Atlantic is in favor of a settlement upon the 49th degree. He said no one could suppose for a moment that England would take less than 49. Hence it was either 49 or war. The cost of a war would be at least 100,000,000 annually, and the whole territory was not worth a tenth part of that sum. He then drew a glowing pic-ture of the horrors of war, and the immense damage England with her steam navy could do us at the outset. He argued that the honor of this coun-try could not at all be compromised by settling upon 49, as we were entitled to nothing more.— He said he would vote in favor of the form of Notice which shall best express the views of the Se-nate in favor of compromise. He concluded by observing, that if he himself were to aid in bringng on war by grasping at more than 49, he would eserve the execration of posterity, and especial

ly that of his own children.

Mr. Breeze read some extracts from Vancouver, shewing the extreme richness of the coun-

Mr. McDuffie said it was altogether a romantic description, wide of the truth, in proof of which he referred to the testimony of the Oregon Agent,

On motion of Mr. Webster, the Senate adjourn ed to Monday.

House of Representatives .- As soon as the eration of the resolution of Mr. Linn Boyd, to the effect, that all debate in committee of the whole upon the Cumberland road bill, shall cease in half an hour, after the consideration of the bill shall

have been again resumed.
Some conversation ensued, after which Mr. Boyd modified his resolution by submitting "two hours." After an ineffectual motion to lay it on the table, the resolution was adopted by a vote of

On motion of Mr. Daniel, the House then went into committee of the whole, and spent some hours in the consideration of bills on private calender. At two o'clock, as usual, there being no quorum, the committee rose without having accomplished any thing, and the House adjourned.

WASHINGTON, April 6, 1846.

SENATE .- During the morning hour, numerous petitions and other unimportant matters were dis-posed of, after which Mr. Webster took the floor, and occupied the remainder of the day in a speech and occupied the remainder of the day in a speech explanatory of the reasons which influenced him in closing the Ashburton treaty relative to the North Eastern Boundary. It would be impossible to condense a speech of such a character into a reasonable space, as it covered the whole ground of the treaty and embraced voluminous documentary evidence. The object of Mr. W. was to refute the numerous charges made against him of corresponding the interests of this country in factors and the such as the country in factors and the such as the such as the country in factors and the such as the country in factors and the such as the compromising the interests of this country in fa-vor of the British. He endeavored to shew that vor of the British. He endeavored to shew shat, this country instead of being a loser, was, on the contrary, a great gainer by the treaty. Without concluding, he yielded to a motion of adjournment. He has the floor to-morrow.

House of Representatives .- This was the regular day for petitions, but by unanimous con sent, the committees were first called upon for

sent, the committees were first called upon for reports.

The House, after the presentation of several reports, of but little importance, however, went into committee of the whole, and resumed the consideration of the Cumberland road bill.

Messrs. Smith and McGaughey spoke until the expiration of the time allotted for debate, after which the committee proceeded to vote upon the numerous pending amendments,

Mr. McConnell moved that the committee rise and report the bill, with a recommendation that it do not pass. The motion failed.

The question was then taken on an amendment giving every State of the Union 500,000 acres of land, and it was agreed to.

giving every State of the Union 500,000 acres of land, and it was agreed to.

Some member offered an amendment providing that the said lands shall all be located north of 54 40, west of the Rocky Mountains. This was rejected amidst roars of laughter.

Finally, amidst great uproar, the bill, with sundry amendments, was reported to the House, and the previous question moved.

Mr. Dromgoole moved to lay the bill on the table. It was negatived—year 74, nays 84.

The question then being on seconding the demand for the previous question, a call of the House was moved.

House was moved.

Motions were then made to adjourn, and numerous points of order were started. At length, in the midst of great confusion, the House ad-

The jail of Southampton county, Virginia, has been empty since July, 1845.

FROM MEXICO.

FIFTERN DAYS LATER FROM VERA CRUZ.-The brig Occana, Capt. Greighton, arrived at New Orleans on the 25th ult., from Vera Cruz, having sailed thence on the 16th ult. The Picayune has

the following synopsis of the news by her:—
Mr. Slidell was still at Jalapa. Letters from
Vera Cruz, dated the 11th ult., represent that he Vera Cruz, dated the 11th ult., represent that he must soon leave Jalapa—it was uncertain whether for the capital or for Vera Cruz—the better opinion at Vera Cruz was that he would repair to the capital, or, in other words, that he would be received by the present Government. On this subject La Hesperia of the 7th says that in consequence of a note addressed by Mr. Slidell from Jalapa, a Government Council had been called to deliberate whether or not he should be received; that opinions differed as to the result, but that it that opinions differed as to the result, but that it was well understood that Mr. S. had named eight days as the latest term to which he would wait

for a reply.

A verbal report brought by the Occana is to the effect that Mr. Slidell was expected in Vera Cruz on the 15th ult., the day the brig sailed.

The U. S. brig of war Somers arrived at Vera Cruz on the 7th ult. There were lying at Sacrificios the frigate Columbia, sloop St. Mary's and two other sloops of war, all belonging to the Gulf squadron. One British sloop of war was also lying these

ing there.
Our last papers from the city of Mexico are to Our last papers from the city of Mexico are to the 7th ult. only. At that time rumors had reached the capital of the advance of our army upon the Rio Grande; it was even said that the advanced troops had seized the pilots of Matamoras, to force them into the service of the vessels of war collecting about the Brazos, Santiago and the Boca Chica. From every quarter—the Pacific, the Gulf, and by the Rio Grande—the prospect to Mexico from the United States, according to the papers, was deemed most hostile.

was deemed most hostile.

Gen. Mexia, had pushed forward 400 infantry to protect Point Sta. Isabel, and Gen. Parrodi was

to protect Point Sta. Isabel, and Gen. Parrodi was very busy in drumming up supplies to repel invasion. All these movements have reference only to our reconnoitering parties, which having made their observations, immediately retired. The Mexicans think they will be able to concentrate 8000 men on the Rio Bravo by the 1st of April.

A private letter, dated on the 7th ult., informs us that some twenty United States soldiers, who had deserted from Corpus Christi, had arrived at the city of Mexico and been set at liberty by the Government. They are represented by our correspondent as in a most wretched condition, many of them going about begging and despised by both

respondent as in a most wretched condition, many of them going about begging and despised by both Mexicans and foreigners. They say they have been much deceived about Mexico, and heartily wish themselves back in Gen. Taylor's campagain. Good enough for them.

Gen. Ampudia is said to have reached as far as St. Louis Potosi, on his way to the command of the "Army of the North."

Prospects of the Reception of Mr. Slidell.—The New Orleans Times says:—"It appears that on the 4th ult., the Mexican Minister, Senor Castello Lanzas, received a note from Mr. Slidell, now at Jalapa in which the latter requires peremptorily, a definitive answer to the demand to be recognized as Minister Plenipotentiary, not only to arrange the question of Texas, but to settle every other matter in dispute between the two countries, other matter in dispute between the two countries, such as payment of the instalments due on the debt, and a satisfactory remuneration for the losses sustained by our citizens, by the delay in those payments. The Supreme Government immidiately convoked the Council, and submitted Mr. Slight and the countries. ly convoked the Council, and submitted Mr. Slidell's note for their opinion. They advised the Government not to receive Mr. Slidell, except as Envoy Extraordinary to settle the difficulty about (Texas, leaving all other affairs unattended to, until that shall have been adjusted.

"It was not known whether the Government will conform to the wishes of the Council, but it is conserved it will county the Description and his

is supposed it will, since the President and his Cabinet find in its favor, not only the recorded opinions of the preceding Administration and the Chambers, but the whole of the Mexican press.

"On the other side, it is asserted in the Mexi-

can prints that Mr. Slidell will not abate one jot of his pretensions, and will quit the Republic imme-diately after the receipt of Senor Lanzas' reply, if

diately after the receipt of Senor Lanzas' reply, it it be not perfectly satisfatory.

"The correspondent of the Locomotor of the 11th ult., writing from the city of Mexico, states—'In this event, there is no doubt that the maritime forces of the Anglo Americans, situated in the Gulf, and in the Pacific, will attack our posts, and Gen. Taylor will commence operations on the Rio Bravo.'"

Weather Wise.—An "Old Man" writes to the editor of the Southern Miscellany, that "according to the twelve ruling days, there will be another dry season from March to November,

DROWNED .- The Cumberland Alleganian states that an old gentleman by the name of Cockerill, from Ohio, in attempting to ride along the Potomac, on Saturday last, near Cresap town, was thrown from his horse and drowned. An inquest was held by coroner Reid, and a verdict rendered by the jury in accordance with the facts above

proceeded to Albany to confer with the Governor relative to Mike Walsh's case, reported to an adjourned meeting of the friends of Mike, in the Park, at New York, on Wednesday afternoon. Mr. Cummerford stated that the committee having been unsuccessful, an address to the working people from Mike Walsh would be presented. It was read and heartily responded to.

CAPITAL PUNISHMENT.-The bill for the abolishment of capital punishment has been rejected in the Massachusetts Senate, by a vote of 17 yeas to 19 nays. Four members were absent.

The Legislature of Texas have divided the State into Congressional Districts, by the River Trinity, throwing Galveston to the West; among the candidates in the Western District, is Mr. Joseph C. Megginson, formerly of Virginia.
[Wash. Union.

SOUTHERN FAILURES.—There appears to be considerable commercial embarrassment among the merchants of Charleston, S. C. Several mer-cantile failures have occured there, and one in particular, for a very large amount, by which the merchants of New York and Boston suffer to the tune of \$300,000.

SINGULAR PHENOMENON.—The water in the Detroit river is now nearly as low as in 1822. In 1824 it began to rise, and continued to do so down to 1838, when it was at its maxium. In 1839 it began to tall again, and has so continued to the

Baltimore Exports.—The ship Avalanche, Parsons, of New York, for London, was cleared on Friday, by Messrs. M'Illvain & Williams, with 5437 barrels Flour, 306 do. Pork, 4125 bushels Corn, 100 boxes Adamantine Candles, two tons Sassafras Root, 6 kegs Crackers, and one box

AMERICAN NEWSPAPERS IN PRUSSIA.—The Prussian Government has not only prohibited newspapers from the United States, but even the reading in public places of letters which come from the United States. So says a recent letter om Germany.

Electricity is said to be a successful remedy for the effects of poison. A person who had taken two cunces of laudnum has been perfectly restor-

DEATH OF A HARD DRINKER.—A man named Austin died lately in Canada West, from intemperance. It was stated on the inquest that he was in the habit of drinking about 30 glasses of minite needed.

THE ULTIMATUM .- Phyfty-Phour Phorty, or Phyght.- Iowa paper.

William Lambert, Esq., was on the 1st inst.

Florioulture.

Work for Afril.—Prepared for the American Farmer, by Samuel Feast, Florist.—The garden will now be the chief object of attention. Attend to the putting of every thing in order with the utmost despatch; commence by, clearing off all litter, &c., manuring and digging the borders, and finally sowing and planting as necessity requires.

Hardy Annuals and Biennial Flower Seeds, may be sown any time this month—those intended for blooming when sown, as Mignonette, Dwarf Locket Larkspur, Hawkweed, Poppies, Candyturf, Flos Adonis, Petunia, Sweet Sultan, Naturtium, Sweet Peas, Convulvulas, Minor, Nolanus, &c., should be sown in patches, each sort separate.

Tender Annuals should be sown in pots of light soil, if not done before.

soil, if not done before.

Ponias and other Herbaceous plants, may be transplanted now with safety.

Jacobian Lillies Gladioluses, and Tuberoses

may be planted in the open ground.

Tulips, Hyacinths, and other spring bulbs, should be uncovered, (if not already done,) and the ground stirred in order to prepare them for

coming in May.

Dahlias, if wanted for early bloom, should be

Dahlias, if wanted for early bloom, should be attended to as directed for last month.

Azaleas, now blooming, should receive an abundance of water. Report such as need it.

Camellias will now be growing, and should have a good supply of water at the roots, and frequently syringing over the foliage.

Pelargoniums should receive plenty of water and air, and when the flowers are expanded should be partially shaded from the scorphing rays of be partially shaded from the scorching rays of

the sun. Attend to fumigation when necessary.

Cacluses will be unfolding their gorgeous blosoms, and should receive occasionally a little guano water. Verbenas, Stocks, Roses, and other plants, in pots, should be attended to regularly. Give plen-ty of air and water, and if intested with green fly,

umigate with tobacco. Fanny Forrester, (Miss Chubbrick.) who has recently sprung from the mists of obscurity, and become famous as an authoress, is to be married to the Rev. Mr. Judson, the Missionary of Burmah. She is a devoted member of the Baptist Church, and emulous perhaps of the martyr lame of Mrs. Adoniram Judson, is anxious to devote her life to he same glorious cause. She is, however, too

the same glorious cause. She is, however, too weak and fragile in her constitution to withstand the hardships of an Asiatic life, and we will, I fear, soon have to record the wilting of another lovely flower beneath the torrid sun of the Indian clime.

L. Shepper, daughter of Mr. Geo. Sheffer, of Darksville Rev. John O. Proctor, Mr. Williamsport, Md., by the Rev. Mr. John O. Proctor, Mr. Williamsport, Md., by the Rev. Mr. John O. Proctor, Mr. Williamsport, Md., by the Rev. Mr. John O. Proctor, Mr. Williamsport, Md., by the Rev. Mr. John O. Proctor, Mr. Williamsport, Md., by the Rev. Mr. John O. Proctor, Mr. Williamsport, Md., by the Rev. Mr. John O. Proctor, Mr. Williamsport, Md., by the Rev. Mr. John O. Proctor, Mr. Williamsport, Md., by the Rev. Mr. John O. Proctor, Mr. Williamsport, Md., by the Rev. Mr. John O. Proctor, Mr. Williamspor soon have to record the wilting of another lovely flower beneath the torrid sun of the Indian clime. Mr. Judson is old enough to be her grand-father. and there may be a moral fitness in the union, but it is not natural. I would not graft the tender lily on the hoary oak, or entwine the eglantine around the tall pine. But if the motive be a Christian one, God speed it, will be the prayer of all who know her!—Correspondent Charleston News.

SINGULAR MARRIAGE .- A widower at Camden, who was not very young, became smitten with a young and beautiful girl, and married her. A short time after, the son of this man by a former wife, became also in love, not with a younger per-son, but with the mother of the father's new wife, a widow lady still in the bloom of life. He offered himself and soon the young man and the widow were united in the bonds of matrimony, so that in consequence of these two connections, a father became the son-in-law of his own son, and the wife not only the daughter-in-law of her own sonin-law, but still more, the mother-in-law of her own daughter: while the husband of the latter is the father-in-law of his own mother-in-law, and father-in-law to his own father. Singular confusion may arise, if children should spring from these peculiar marriages."

NEW ARTICLE OF EXPORT.-Upwards of 7000 tons of white gravel have been shipped from this city to London since the 15th of September last. It is taken from the beach on Long Island, and used to beautify the parks and gardens of London.
[N. Y. Mirror.

A VIRAGO.—The Philadelphia Spirit of the Times says: "Margaret Whelan was brought before Alderman Laws of the Northern Liberties, for the fourth time, for whipping her husband.— When the officer went to arrest her she committed a violent assault upon him. Sent to prison. Verily, he must be the ninth part of a man, and she something less or more than woman.

NEW. YORK CITY.-The Whigs have nomina-

BALTIMORE MARKET—

APRIL 7, 1846.

CATTLE.—Prices ranged at \$2,50 a \$3,50 per 100 lb. on the hoof, equal to \$5 a \$6,75 net. Sales averaged about \$3,25.

BELGIAN TREATY.—The treaty of Commerce and Navigation between the United States and Belgium, recently ratified by the Senate, places Belgium in the position of the most favored nations, in her commercial intercourse with this country, and extends equal facilities to the United States. The treaty is to remain in force ten years, subject to twelve months notice after the expiration of that time, from either party waiting to terminate its operation.

Mr. Houston.—The arrival of Sam. Houston in Washington, created quite a sensation. He wears in place of a cloak, a big red blanket, like

BALTIMORE MARKET—

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HOGS.—In light demand and in full supply. We quote a sense of pour to sales of note have taken place. The same rate prevails to oday, but some dealers are not much disposed to operate until the reception of later English intelligence now daily expected. We quote the receipt prime from cars of \$4,624.

GRAIN.—Small parcels of red Wheat sold on Saturday and to-day at 100 a 110 cas, for good to prime lots.—A sale of family flour, white, to-day at 125 cts.

Corn is dall. Sales of Md, to-day at 63 a 64 cents for white, and 65 cts. for yellow. A sale of Penna. yellow on Saturday at 67 cts.

We quote Oats at 33 a 47 cts.

MR. HOUSTON.—The arrival of Sam. Houston in Washington, created quite a sensation. He wears in place of a cloak, a big red blanket, like a Indian Squaw, to make himself as conspicuous and ridiculous as possible. We are glad to see that he drew the short ticket, which will only carry him to March 4, 1847, by which time we hope our Texian brethren will learn better than to send the "coquette" back again.

[Fredericksburg Recorder.] [Fredericksburg Recorder.

> FREE LANDS FOR COLORED PEOPLE.-We see by the annual report of the Colonization Society, and also by an act of the Legislature of Liberia, that a grant of land is given to every colored man and unmarried colored woman on their arrival in Liberia, without cost or charge of any kind. The society also furnish a dwelling for six months, and supply them with all necessary comforts du-ring that period. This gives the industrious set-tler greater advantages than can be found in any other country in the world.

EARLY MARRIAGES .- There were 9000 weddings in Massachusetts, during the last year-In 30 cases the bridegrooms were less than 20 years old. They were not chargeable with dilatory dispositions, we should think.

RIGHT OF SEARCH .- Russia, Prussia and Austria have remonstrated against a clause in the tria have remonstrated against a clause in the joint treaty for the suppression of the slave-trade, which gives cruisers the power of searching European trading vessels on the African coast, and England has consented to the abrogation, so far as it affects vessels belonging to these powers.—

Spain and Portugal retain the clause in their treaties. Negotiations are in progress for a slave trade treaty between Brazil and the British gov-

CALEB CUSHING .- The Boston correspondence of the Charleston Courier says, "I understand the Hon. Caleb Cushing is spoken of as the dem-ocratic candidate for the office of Governor of Massachusetts at the next election."

ANOTHER RESTORED IN KENNEBEC! EAST LIVERMORE, August 12, 1845.

Dear Sir: —You may publish this letter, or make such use of it as you think best. A year ago last fall I was taken sick with a very severe cough, was very much pressed for breath, lost my appetite, and became very much reduced in my general health, sweat profusely, and could not sleep at nights. I applied to a physician, who done all in his power to relieve and restore me, but did not succeed. I was confined to the house most of the winter, often had long spells of severe coughing; raised some blood. Sometime in the spring I commented taking

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

Before I had finished one bottle I was relieved: my
cough removed: my sleep restored. I have taken four
bottles the past season. My strength and general health
is now good. I attribute it to WISTAR'S BALSAM
OF WILD CHERRY.

Signed, NATHAN WELLINGTON.
I am personally acquainted with Mr. Wellington, and
believe his statement above to be true.

Signed, SUMNER C. MOULTON.

A fresh supply of the Genuine Balsam, received and for sale by JOHN H. BEARD, Charlestown.

TO THE VOTERS OF JEFFERSON

COUNTY. .

Fellow-Citizens:—Necessity compels me again to address you through the medium of the newspapers. I find I skall not be able to see you all before the election "comes off." I am too unwell at present to sustain the fatigue of riding to every house in the county, and I am too modest to thrust into your very faces the usual question of "Won't you give me your vote?" nor do I believe you can be "humbugged" by such a course. I have therefore determined to stay at home, and trust my cause in the hands of the people, and abide cheerfully by their decision.

In regard to my particular opponent, Mr. Chambers, I have only to say, that I have endeavored to bring him before the people of Harpers-Ferry, that they might decide which of us should withdraw, and thus be enabled to unite upon the other, but he refus to risk his claims before a home tribunal! I have done my duty in the matter, and now Fellow-Mechanics and Workingmen of all parts of the county, it is for you to decide which of us beat deserves your support. Judge ye therefore between us, and decide as ye think best.

Respectfully, &c., ,

Respectfully, &c., JAMES A. FITZSIMMONS. Harpers-Ferry, April 7th, 1846.

Custom House.—The receipts at the New York Custom House during the six days of last week, are, as near as can at present be estimated \$360.

MARRIED.

On the 2d inst., by the Rev. Thomas Sewell, John S. BERRY to Miss ALVERDA M. WATERS, both of Baltimore

nity.

Near Shepherdslown, on Thursday the 2d inst., by the Rev. J. A. Seiss, Mr. WILLIAM HENDRICKS to Miss RUHAMA JANE LINK, daughter of Mr. Adam Link, Sr.—all of this county.

In Charlestown, on the 1st instant, by the Rev. T. Wheeler, Mr. Banney Perrel to Miss Jane Ann MILLS—both of Jefferson.

In Columbus, Ohio, on the 1st inst., by the Rev. T. R. Grossey, Mr. Cyrus F. McWilliams, formerly of this county, to Miss Lucy J. Thorndike, second daughter of the late Rev. J. Going, D. D., President of Granville College.

On Wednesday, 1st inst., in Darksville, by the Rev. Mr. Winters, Mr. John L. Davis, of Ohio, to Miss Aw. E. Sheffer, of Darksville E. Sheffer, dughter of Mr. Geo. Sheffer, of Darksville E. Sheffer, dughter of Mr. Geo. Sheffer, of Darksville

County.

On the 24th ult., in Washington county, Md., by the Rev. Wm. R. Coursey, Rev. Jacon Markwood, of Hardy, to Miss Arbelin R. Rodeffer, of Page county, Virginia.

On the 27th ult., by the Rev. Mr. Coffin, Mr. John Ribe to Miss Redecoa McQuilton—all of Berkeley

On the 25th ult., by Rev. T. Wheeler, Mr. SAMUEL HERMAN to Miss BARBARA CATHARINE HOSTLER, all of this county.

March 26th, by Rev J. Few

On Thursday evening, March 26th, by Rev J. Few Smith, Gronge H. Osnorn to Miss Eliza B. Grant, both of Clarke county.

On the 31st ult., by the Rev. Joseph Baker, Mr. WILLIAM CATHER to Miss EMILY A. C. SMITH, all of Frederick county.

On Sunday morning last, Mrs. ELLEN TURNER, consort of William F. Turner, Esq. of Jefferson, and daughter of the late Col. Andrew Beirne of Monroe county, aged about 25 years.

The unexpected demise of this lovely and estimable lady is u deep affliction to her devoted husband, and to numerous relatives and friends. Blessed with all that could make life desirable, her early exit adds to the innumerable evidences of the uncertainty of human life, and another proof of "Death's ambition to cull his victims from the choicest fold."

and another proof of "Pean's amounts to the tims from the choicest fold."

On Wednesday, 1st instant, of a pulmonary affection, Mrs. Florand Jones, consort of Wm. Strother Jones, Esq. of Vaucluse, Frederick county. Her Funeral was preached on Thursday in the Episcopal Church, by the Rev. Dr. Jones, of Charlestown, who portmyed in truly eloquent and touching terms the Christian virtues and holy resignation of this estimable lady, so early called from earth to Heaven.—Win. Rep.

In Romney, Hampshire county, on Thursday night the 26th ult., Mrs. Rebecca B. Jack, consort of Mr. John Jack, Jec'd, in about the 75th year of her age.

On the morning of the 25th ult., at the residence of Mr. Swingle in Darkesville, Emma, infant daughter of Eliza and Rhys Jones, aged 16 months and 2 days.

The Markets.

BALTIMORE MARKET-

on Saturday at 57 cts.

We quote Oats at 33 a 47 cts.

WHSKEY.—The demand is limited, and small sales
only are making at 23 t cts. for hids. and 24 t cts. for bbis.

Miscellaneous Notices.

RT Divine service may be expected at the Zoar Meeting House, on Sunday next, at 11 o'clock, A. M., by the Rev. Mr. Crawford.

April 10. The First Quarterly Meeting for Jefferson Circuit, will be held in Charlestown, commencing on Saturday the 18th of April.

April 10.

3C By Divine permission, the Rev. Joseph T. Massey will preach at Kabletown, on Sunday the 19th of April, at 11 o'clock, A. M. April 10.

REFORM MASS MEETING.

The voters of Berkeley County, in favor of a Convention to amend the Constitution of the State, are requested to assemble at the Court-House, on Monday, the 13th day of April, (Court-day) to take into consideration such measures as may, in their judgment, be best calculated to advance the cause of Constitutional Reports.

April 3, 1846.

MANY VOTERS.

Sons of Temperance Procession. ST. THOMAS DIVISION, NUMBER 7. The Sons of Temperance, St. Thomas Division, No. 7, of Harpers-Ferry, Va., propose holding a meeting and narching in procession, on Monday the 13th April, 1846, at which time there will be an address delivered to the

Division.

A cordial invitation is extended to all members eighboring Divisions in regular standing.

By order of the Division.

ROBERT RUSSEL, R. S.
Harpers-Ferry, March 20, 1846.

REMOVAL.

WE have removed our shop to the Store Room heretofore occupied by Mr. E. M. Aisquith, on the Main street, where we offer our customers ind the public generally, a large stock of. Best Calf, Morocco, & Kip Boots.

Also—Ladies' Walking, Morocco, and Kid Shoes, Slippers and Turnarounds; misses and children's of every variety. Our cash prices are made to suit the times. J. McDANIEL, April 10, 1846. S. RIDENOUR.

To Delinquents.

NOTICE is hereby given, to all those who have not as yet settled their Taxes, that the Delinquent List will be made out and published in a few weeks, and persons who dislike seeing their names so published, are now informed that they must settle up immediately, to prevent its appearance.

Persons in my district are informed that I shall remain in Charlestown every Friday, hereafter, in order that persons who want to settle may have an opportunity of doing so.

April 10, 1846. JOHN W. MOORE.

HAVE just burnt a kiln of first-rate Lime, which will be sold in any quantity for Cash.

April 10, 1846—8t.

C. G. BRAGG.

BOOT AND SHOE MAKING.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the citi-zens of Smithfield, and the country adjacent, that he has opened a Shop in this town for the manufacture of every article in the

Boot and Shoe Making Line. He has just received a lot of the very best materials, which will be made up in the most substantial and fashionable manner. Servanta' Shoes will be made, at the shortest notice, and on such terms as cannot fail to give satisfaction.

Gentlemen wishing a fashionable and superior article in the Boot line, are invited to give him a call, as he feels confident from his long experience at the business, that he can please the most fastidious.

LADIES' SHOES, on hand, or made to order at the shortest notice.

A call from the public generally is respectfully invited, as the undersigned will use every effort to render entire satisfaction to all who may give him a call.

CHARLES JACKSON.

Smithfield, April 10, 1846.

REMOVAL.

THOMAS D. WEBSTER, Fashionable Cailor.

R ESPECTFULLY informs his friends, customers, and the public generally, that he has removed his Shop to the room in the rear of Sappington's Hutel, (in the Shop lately occupied by Mr. J. T. Cowley,) where he intends carrying on the TAILORING BUSINESS, in all its difference of the state of t ferent branches. He will be in possession of the Latest Fashions in a few days. He solicits a call from the public, as he feels sure he can give entire satisfaction. He pledges himself to execute all orders in the most fashionable style, and his prices shall be fixed to suit his customers,—therefore gentlemen do not forget to look up. Sappington's Alley, and there you will see something stuck upon a post with shiney letters on it.

Thankful for favors heretofore extended to him,

hopes by strict attention to his business, and a letermination to please, to receive a share of pa-Country Produce taken in exchange for work,

at cash prices. April 10, 1846-3t.

EDWARD V. KERCHEVAL, Tailor,

R ESPECTFULLY informs the public generally, that he has located himself at Duffield's, Jefferson County, Va., where he intends carrying

Tailoring Business, n the most fashionable style. He has made arrangements with G. C. Scott, of New York, to re-ceive regularly, his Report of Fashions, which will enable him to do up work in the most ap-proved style. The public are respectfully solici-ted to give him a call, as he feels assured he can

give entire satisfaction.

Duffield's, Jefferson Co., Va.,
April 10, 1846—3m.

To my Customers and the Public generally.

THE subscriber most respectfully announces to his friends and the public generally, that he has associated with him in his Mercantile business, his brother Jacob Koonce, and the business will hereafter be conducted in the name and firm of David & Jacob Koonce. They intend as their motto, small profits and quick returns. They will motto, small profits and quick returns. They will sell Goods as cheap as they can be purchased at Harpers-Ferry or in the County, for Cash, or to punctual customers on a short credit. Feeling thankful for the liberal patronage already received, I hope my friends and the public will patronize me in my new connexion.

DAVID KOONCE.

Harpers-Ferry, April 10, 1846.

Great Attraction!

THE subscribers are now receiving their Spring supply of NEW GOODS, which is composed of a great variety, and will be sold at unheard of low prices. They respectfully invite all persons in want of great bargains and desirable Goods, to call. We deem it unnecessary to particularize our Stock, but assure our friends that

it is large and well selected.

D. & J. KOONCE.

April 10, 1846.

New Spring Goods. JUST received at the New Store, a full and large assortment of Brown Goods, such as Brown Muslins, 3-4, 7-8, 4-4 and 5-4 wide; Osnaburgs, do. do do do Twilled Cotton Bagging, 20 and 24 inches; Wide Duck, for Pantaloons;

Wide Duck, for Pantaloons;
Brown Drillings, Cotton Batts, &c.

Take notice for sale low at the New Store at Walper's Cross Roads—also at the Lectown Store.

F. DUNNINGTON. April 10, 1846.

Fresh Candy.

HAVE opened a new supply of Fresh Candy.

April 10.

F. DUNNINGTON. April 10.

Groceries. ON hand a complete assortment of good gro-ceries. Also, Herring and Superior Codlish, for sale low by F. DUNNINGTON. April 10, 1846.

150 Bushels of Oats, WHICH will answer for seed, for sale by April 10. JNO. J. LOCK & CO. Public Sale of Slaves.

WILL be offered at public sale, at the residence of Jacob Brosius, on FRIDAY the 10th day of April inst., ONE FEMALE SLAVE, aged 19 years; also, ONE MALE SLAVE, aged 3 years; also, ONE MALE SLAVE, aged 3 years. Also, in front of the Court-house of Morgan County, on the first day of the Superior Court, ONE MALE SLAVE, aged 13 years. Said Slaves belong to the estate of Washington Cross dec'd

Cross, dec'd. Terms—Cash. L. VANORSDALL. Morgan Co., Va., April 3, 1846—3t. Adm'r

To Delinquents. NOTICE is hereby given to all those who have not as yet settled their Taxes, that the Delinquent List will be made out and published in a few weeks, and persons who dislike seeing their names so published, are now informed that they must settle up immediately, to prevent their spearance.

vent their appearance. D. S. for D. Snively. March 27, 1846-8t.

Cheap Groceries. G OOD Brown Sugar at 8 cents,
Do. Rio Coffee at 10 cents,
Just received and for sale by
March 27. CRANE & SADLER.

Company Notices.

Company Notices.

THE Halltown Company will
Parade, at its usual parade
ground, on Saturday the 4th of
April next.
The different Companies in the
Shepherdatown district, will Parade
in Shepherdstown, on Saturday the
11th of April.
The Company formerly commanded by Capt. West, will Parade
in Charlestown, at their usual place,
on Saturday the 18th of April. The
Charlestown Artillery will Parade
in front of the Market house, on the 18th of April.
The Leetown Company will meet at its usual
place of parading, on Saturday the 25th of April.
The Smithfield Company will meet at its usual
place in Smithfield, on Saturday the 25th of April.
The hour of Parading in each case is at 11
o'clock, A. M. By order of the Colonel,
J. W. ROWAN, Adj't.,
of the 55th Regiment, Va. M.
April 3, 1846.

THE subscriber will open on Thursday, 16th April, at Capt. Sappington's Hotel, (Back Parlor,) in Charlestown, a DANCING SCHOOL, for young Ladies and Gentlemen. The most fashionable Dances will be taught, and every effort will be used to make his pupils thoroughly acquainted with this necessary accomplishment.

TERMS—Five dollars per Scholar, for three lessons. ET Those wishing to join the class are requested to make early application.

HENRY GAYLORD.

DANCING SCHOOL.

April 10, 1846.

REMOVAL.

THE subscriber has removed his Store to his own Store House, in the central part of the town, lately occupied by the illustrious candy man Blessing, where he will be happy to serve his dessing, where he will be nappy desired, customers, and the public generally.

E. M. AISQUITH.

Dissolution of Partnership. THE Co-Partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, in the Boot and Shoe Making Business, was dissolved on the 1st inst. All persons indebted to the firm, are requested to call at the old stand and settle their accounts to this date.

JOHN AVIS, Sr., April 3, 1846.

JOHN AVIS, Jr.

Boot and Shoe Making.

THE undersigned has again taken charge, ex-clusively, of the shop for many years under his control. He cannot but return to the many his control. He cannot but return to the many warm friends who have stood by him, through all the changes and vicissitudes of trade, his most grateful acknowledgments. For the future, he is determined that the experience of past years shall be brought in requisition, and that every effort shall be made to render satisfaction to his customers.

He will keep on hand at all times, or manufacture to order at the shortest notice, every description of

Boots, Shoes, Gniters, &c., which will be made up in the best manner, and of the best materials, and offered at merely a living

A call from old friends, and the public general-Charlestown, April 3, 1846.

TAILORING.

REMOVAL.

THE undersigned have removed their Shop on the St. leading to the Methodist Church, in No. 2 Miller's Row, where they are prepared to execute all orders in their line in the best and most fashionable style. And as their rent is reduced, they will make up all kinds of work in their line as cheap as any other Tailor in Charlestheir line as cheap as any other Tailor in Charlestown. A strong game having been played on the undersigned, by other Tailors in this place underworking them, is the reason why they removed their Shop, so that they could compete with all.—No gentleman shall ever take another Job from us, by saying he can get it made cheaper elsewhere. If any Tailor will make a Job and find the cloth for one dollar, we can be found at No. 2. Miller's Row, to do the same. Row, to do the same.

KINNINGHAM & HARRIS.

N. B.—All kinds of Country Produce taken in xchange for work.

Journeymen Wanted.

THE subscriber wishes to employ immediately a journeyman Cabinet-maker and a Chair-maker, to whom he will give constant employment, and liberal wages. None but good workmen need apply.

SAMUEL SNOOK.

Mill Creek, Berkeley Co, Va.

April 3, 1846—3t.

REMOVAL. THE subscriber would respectfully inform his friends, customers, and the public generally, that his Shop is removed from his old stand, to the that his Shop is removed from his old stand, to the Shop, first Door from corner, on the cross street leading from Main at to the Methodist Meeting house, lately occupied by Mr. E. M. Aisquith, where he solicits and hopes by unremitting attention, care and industry, to merit a share of public patronage. He pledges himself, his work shall be done with neatness, durability, and despatch.—His prices shall be moderate; and he would further inform the public that he is in the regular receint of the New York Fashiops. The public's ceipt of the New York Fashions. The public's humble servant, JOHN REED. Charlestown, April 3. 1846.

CHESTER LION, WILL stand the ensuing season, commencing on the 25th of March and ending on the 25th of June, at the following places:—On Mondays and Thursdays at Mr. Henry Garnhart's, near Leetown, on Tuesdays and Wednesdays at Mr. Adam Link's, near the Union School House, and on Fridays and Saturdays at Mr. David Fry's, two miles South of Smithfield, and will be let to mares at Four Dollars the season, and Six Dollars to insure a mare with foal—parting with or re-moving the mare forfeits the insurance.

Chester Lion

Is a beautiful Dapple Gray, full sixteen hands three inches high, seven years old this Spring, and is well adapted to the Saddle or Harness.— All possible care will responsible for accidents.

JOHN McCLOY. All possible care will be taken, but I will not be

April 3, 1846—3t*. [Free Press copy \$2. P. S.—Public days excepted in the above stands.

FOR RENT. THE undersigned, intending to remove to the now Office on the Market-house Square, late the property of Dr. Stuart, will rent for the Satin, plain and fancy Silk and Marseilles Vestensuing year, the Room now in their occupancy. Possession given in a few days LUCAS & WASHINGTON.

April 3, 1846. NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

KEPLINGER & LITTLE have just return ed from Baltimore, and are now opening s splendid assortment of Goods, which they offer to their friends and the public generally, upon the most reasonable terms. It is not necessary to say that they will sell lower than any body else. Come and examine for yourselves, and if you are not pleased, don't buy. No. 1, Hammond's Row, Shepherdstown, March 27, 1846—1m.

Jefferson County, Sct.

A T a Court continued and held for said County, on the 17th day of March, 1846:
Samuel Ridenour, George W. Runson, Gerard D. Moore, Charles G. Stewart, and William S. D. Moore, Charles G. Stewart, and William S. Lock, or any two, or more of them, are appointed to superintend the Election, at the Court-House of this County, on the fourth Thursday, in next month, of two persons to represent this County, in the next House of Delegates of this County, in the next House of Delegates of this Commonwealth. John Wysong, David Bilmyer, John M. Jewett, Daniel Cameron and William McMurran, or any two or more of them, are appointed to superintend the election at the separate Election District of this County, at Shepherdstown, on the same day and for the same purpose. Mann P. Nelson, Samuel Cameron, James Grantham, William Grantham and John H. Smith, or any two or more of them, are appointed to superintend the election at the separate Election District of this county, at Smithfield, on the same day, for the same purpose. Isaac Henkle, George B. Stehnson, Gerard B. Wager, Geo. Mauzy, and William Smallwood, or any two or more of them, are appointed to superintend the separate Election District, of this County, at Hartpers-Ferry, on the same day, for the same purpose. A Copy.—Teste,

T. A. MOORE, Clerk.

March 27, 1846.

The Moore of them, are appointed to superintend the election at the same day for the same purpose. A Copy.—Teste,

T. A. MOORE, Clerk.

March 27, 1846.

March 27, 1846. Spring Style of Hats.

NE case of the very best Beaver, just received and for sale by arch 27.

CRANE & SADL' R March 27.

All ye who want Carriages, pro pare to Purchase New!

HAVE on hand a large supply of CARRIA GES, of the latest and most approved patterns—Coachee, Charlotees, for 4 or 6 persons, Double Rockaways and Single Rockaways, Phentons, Barouches, Buggies and Carryalls, which I will sell very low for Cash; or on a credit of six or twelve months, to suit purchasers. These Carriages are finished in the best manner, and of the best materials. Some of them are upon the Palmer's Patent Axle, which prevents the possibility of the wheels "rattling."

All work warranted, and repairing done at the shortest notice.

W. J. HAWKS.

Charlestown, April 3, 1846.

Trustees' Sale.

Py virtue of a Deed of Trust, executed on the 28th day of November, 1843, by Edward Fitzpatrick, and duly recorded in the Clerk's Office of the County Court of Jefferson, the undersigned, as Trustees, will sell at public auction, on the premises, on TUESDAY, the 31st day of April next, a certain lotat Harpers-Ferry, known as number 39. There are upon the premises two comfortable and convenient Houses.

Terms of Sale.—Two Hundred and Fifty Dollars Cash, the balance in two equal payments, at 6 and 12 months, with interest—the deferred payments, to be secured to the satisfaction of the Trustees.

MICHAEL DORAN, Trustees G. B. WAGER. March, 13, 1846—ts.

PUBLIC SALE.

HAVING to leave the Farm where I now reside, lying two miles South of Shepherdstown, and near the Charlestown road, I will offer at Public Sale, on WEDNESDAY the 15th day of April next, on the said premises, my

Farming Utensils,

TERMS .- Six months credit will be given on all sums of \$5 and upwards, the purchaser giving bond with approved security. On all sums under \$5 the Cash will be required. No property to be removed until the terms of sale are complied with.

EDWARD LUCAS, Jr.

BY virtue of a Decree of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery of Jefferson County, pronounced 20th day of December, 1845, in the suit of Samuel Howard's Adm'r, &c., Plainin the suit of Samuel Howard's Adm'r, &c., Plaintiff, against Joseph T. Daugherty's heirs, &c., Defendants, the undersigned, as Special Commissioners of said Court, will proceed to sell at the Court-house, in Charlestown, on THURSDAY the 23d day of April, 1846, so much of the Land of Abraham Isler, as may be required to satisfy the sum of Five Hundred and Eighty-eight Dollars and sixty-six cents, with interest thereon from the 5th day of June, 1840, as found by the Commissioner's Report, in said cause, and specified in said Decree; and also the sum of Fifty-five Dollars and forty cents, costs of said suit. The said lars and forty cents, costs of said suit. The said Land which we shall proceed to sell, being the same conveyed by Abraham Isler to Isaac R. Douglass and Joseph T. Daugherty, in trust to secure to Benjamin F. Beeler a certain sum of money therein mentioned, which Deed bears date 15th March, 1836, and is duly recorded in the Clerk's Office of the County Court of Jefferson. For a more particular description of said Land, see Deed filed in the Bill and proceedings in said

The Terms of Sale, by said Decree, are one-third Cash, one-third in six months, and the balance in twelve months. The deferred payments to bear interest from the day of sale and be seto bear interest from the day of sale and be se-cured by bonds with good personal security: and the title to be retained until all the purchase mo-

ney is paid. CHARLES B. HARDING, Special WILLIAM LUCAS, Com'rs. March 27, 1846-ts.

BARGAINS

Spring and Summer Goods The First of the Season, and Cheaper than before

Offered. THE subscriber begs leave respectfully to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has just returned from Baltimore, and is that he has just returned from Baltimore, and now opening at "The People's Cheap Store," a fresh and very extensive supply of excellent and SEASONABLE GOODS, and from the cheapness of Goods in the Eastern markets, is prepared to sell on the most pleasing terms, and would earnestly solicit his friends to call and examine for themselves. His Stock consists in part of—Blue, black, brown, and invisible green Broad

Cloths;
Fancy, Victoria, and Buckskin Cassimeres;
Twilled and plain Summer Cloths, Velvet Cords;
Twilled and Cranville Stripes; Nankeen, Doeskin and Granville Stripes; Brown and bleached Linens, and a variety of other Pantaloons stuff;

ing of all kinds; Dress Shawls, Cotton and Linen Cambric; Gingham, Cotton and Silk Hdkis, of various quali-Bl'k Italian Cravats, Gentlemen's Stocks and

Scarls 1

A general assortment of Cap and Bonnet Ribbons; Plain and figured Swiss, Cross Bar'd Jackonetts, Book and Mull Muslins; Indian and Bishop Lawn, Mouselin de Laines; Thread and Cotton Edgings, Footings, Bobbins and Laces; and Laces; A fine assortment of English, French and Domes-

A fine assortment of English, French and Domestic Prints, from 6; cents per yard and upwards;
A fine stock of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Silk and Cotton Gloves and Hosiery;
Bleached and Brown Cottons at all prices;
Plain and Twilled Osnaburgs and Burlaps Linens;
Colored Cambrics, Checks, Bed Ticking;
Umbrellas, Cotton Yarn of every kind,
Together with a large assortment of

Groceries, Hardware, Glass, China,

WE have on hand a fair stock of Domestic Goods, for servants wear, which we will dispose of on reasonable terms, composed of Plaid Cottons, Heavy Twilled Osnaburg, and Burlaps. Call and examine for yourselves. March 27, JNO. J. LOCK & CO.

Consisting of one Farm Wagon; Five setts of Wagon and three setts of Plough Gears; Two Barshear Ploughs;

Two Barshear Ploughs;
Two Double Shovel Ploughs;
Two Harrows, Double-trees;
Forks, Rakes, Grain Cradles, Mowing Scythes.
Also—Seven head of Work Horses;
Four Milch Cows, 24 Hogs and 30 Sheep.
Also,—my share, being the three-fifths in 65
Acres of Wheat in the Ground.

March 27, 1846.

COMMISSIONERS' SALE.

Thou hast taught me that love's rosy fetters
A pang from the thorn may impart.
That the coinage of vows and of letters
Come not from the mint of the heart. Like the lone bird that flutters her pinion,
And warbles in bondage her strain,
I have straigled to fly thy dominion,
But find that the struggle is in vain.

The humorist.

Who Dan ?-The papers say that " Ten Thou sand a Year" is the best novel of the season.-With equal propriety we may say that the following is the best negro story of the season. Where it comes from or how long it has been upon the earth, is more than we shall undertake to tell, be-

cause we do not know.
Gumbo was a wicked negro who had witnessed
the ravages of the cholera in 1832, with stoic inthe ravages of the cholera in 1832, with stole indifference, but seeing his best friends dropping off
by dozons in negro valley, Gumbo, began to have
some fears of giving the last kick himself, in pretty much the style he was want to "fro dat next
brick bat" in a row. Gumbo then for the first
time thought of praying, to use his own phrase;
to "de Angel ob de Lord," declaring that if he
could only "be spared dis time," he would be ready
next year to be taken up and "lib forebber in Massa
Abraham's bosom." Some wags having access
to an adjoining room, seperated by a board partition, hearing him at his devotions knocked.

"Who dar?"

"De Angel ob de Lord!" The Senior Partner in the above Card would say to his friends and to the public generally, that he has again resumed, with renewed zeal, the practice of his profession, which the duties of public life, for the last few years, have compelled him to neglect. To all, then, who would entrust their business to his charge, he deems it only necessary for him to say, that he is again prepared, as heretofore, with all his energy, to do battle in their cause, and to protect, with all his ability, the rights and interests of his clients. He can generally be found, when not elsewhere professionally

"De Angel ob de Lord!"
"What he want?"
"Want Gumbo!"

Blowing out his candle with a whew-" No such nigger here. Dat nigger been dead dis two, tree week-dat de trufe-de fact !"

A Modern Newron.—A debating society out in Michigan, had lately submitted for discussion the subject "does the world go round or does it not?" The chairman remarked that he did not propose it because there was any doubt on the subject, but to "fetch out" the orators. After the first speaker had occupied about ten minutes in the discussion, he sat down, and was succeeded by one of the "lights" of the town, who delivered aimself thus:—"If the world, was round, it would not be regular and even as it is. After you'd travelled a little ways, you'd begin to slide, and bine-by you'd tumble off at the edge of it if you didn't ketch a hold on something to hold on by. And then they talk of sailing round the world! Why, if the world was round, and went round as they say it did, the capting d have nothing to do, but tie his ship to a tree, and it'd go round of itself! My opponent has asked "If the world does not go round how does the sun git round to the right place again?" I answer, for a very plain reason—it's so dark you can't see it.'—" Time!" said the chairman, and the young man satdown, and it was several minutes before he recovered from the sudden shock his imagination had experienced—like some of the orators in Congress, who, at the expiration of the hour are frequently lost in the obfuscation of their own ideas.

A new female sect has just appeared in a part of Ohio, called "The Female Kings," who assert that the order of Nature has been reversed—that the time has now arrived when "the last shall be first," consequently that woman is the lord of creation, and man her servant. They sit in judg-ment upon the saints—are endowed with eternal life—are proof to injury—and are under the spe-cial care of the Lord—fed, clothed, and preserved by his power. They have succeeded in making a great many converts, and the infatuated creatures have left their families, and are wandering about without scrip, and without purse, taking no thoughts of the morrow, led, as they think, by the Spirit, "to iollow the Lamb whither-soever he goeth."

Why is a young lady just from boarding school, like a building committee? Because she is ready to receive proposals.

A country editor tells his subscribers that he has been compelled to adopt the cash system, but will continue to receive potatoes at par.

Lady.—A female with her head stuck in a silk bonnet, her waist puckered into the circumference of a junk bottle, an enormous bustle, and a hole in buy elsewhere. Mr. Sappington, who has conthe heel of her stocking !

PUFFED UP.—Soap bubbles are airy things, but they soon burst. Just so it is with men puffed up with vanity. They make a show for a seasonsail on the current, but soon burst and nothing is left of them. Pride is an ingredient that is ever found in evalted human nature. It is mixed in composition of fools: a man who has a mind to cultivate and a heart to improve never finds time to be proud.

Bynon .- Macauly says of Byron, that he could exhibit only one man, and only one woman—a man proud, moody, cynical, with defiance on his brow, and misery in his heart, a scorner of his kind, implicable of revenge, yet capable of deep and strong affection: a woman, all softness and genss, loving to caress and be carressed, but capable of being transformed by passion into a tigress

THE ATTIRE .- Something of the nature of the mind may be judged by the attire: and it is easy to know whether a woman's taste has been form-ed on that standard which can never totally change because it is derived from a pure principle of suita bleness and innate elegance; or whether she is the slave of milliners and modes, which own no touch of higher origin.

F. D. is glad of this opportunity of returning his thanks to his many friends for the patronage and kindness bestowed upon one, who came so "Friendship," says Byeon," is a dangerous word for young ladies; it is love, full pledged, and waiting for a fine day to fly."

There is not on this carth a lovelier vision, there is not for the skies a more angelic candidate, than a young, modest maiden, robed in charity.

The pride of talents, the power of her beauty, the splendor of her accomplishments, are but so many handmaids of the vestal virgin; it adorns her in the court, it ennobles her in the cottage; whether she basks in prosperity or pines in sorrow it clings about her like the diamond of the morn ing on the mountain flowerests, trembling even in the ray that at once exhibits and inhales it.

HUMAN LIFE.-Hope writes the visions of the boy, but memory those of man. Man looks for-ward with smiles but backward with sighs.— Such is the wise providence of God. The cup of life is sweetest at its brim, the flavor is impaired as we drink deeper, and the dregs are made bitter that we may not struggle when it is taken from our lips.

I Won'r.—" I won't," said a child to his kind parent, when he had been requested to do a little favor. That child is now despised by his associates and shuned by the virtuous and good. "I won't" was the exclamation of a scholar, whose teacher had labored faithfully with him, when he was asked to be punctual at school, and commit his lesson more perfectly. That scholar is now employed as one of the lowest servants in an extensive establishment.

"I won't" said a youth to his father when requested to learn some honest trade. That youth

It is said that the Chinese expend annually \$360,000,000 for incense to burn before their idols; about one dollar for every man, woman and child

WE have on hand a large stock of Cloths
Cassimeres and Cassimetts, which we will
sell low to make room for spring goods.
BOTELER & JOHNSON.
Berryville March 20, 1245. Berryville, March 20, 1846. A colored man named Wm. Smallwood, died near Emmittaburg, Md., recently, at the very HEWS' Bone and Nerve Linament, just re-ceived and for sale by J. G. HAYS. advanced age of 117 years. March 13, 1846.

PROFESSIONAL. LAWSON BOTTS,

WANTA YANKOTTA

March 13, 1846-2m.

March 6, 1846.

Nov. 28, 1845.

rick, and Clarke.

Charlestown, Jefferson County, Virginia.

GEORGE W. BRADFIELD.

LAWRENCE B. WASHINGTON.

appoint at tawn

A CARD.

WM. LUCAS & BENJ. F. WASHINGTON

HAVING associated themselves in the Prac-tice of the Law, will attend the Superior and Inferior Courts of Jefferson, Berkeley, Frede-

Charlestown, Aug. 15, 1845-tf.

Office the same as heretofore occupied by Lucas

The Senior Partner in the above Card would

ally be found, when not elsewhere professionally

Dr. J. G. HAYS

OFFERS his professional services to the citizens of Harpers-Ferry, Bolivar, Virginius, and the surrounding country. He may generally be found at his Drug Store when not profession-

SAPPINGTON'S THREE-STORY BRICK ADTEL.

WHITE PORTICO IN FRONT, CHARLESTOWN, JEFFERSON COUNTY, VIRGINIA. October 24, 1845.

Carter's Botel.

.Bevod-etlaw

expense will be spared in his efforts to please.

CHARLESTOWN, Jefferson County, Va., April 11, 1845.

A new and comfortable hack and horses kept for the accommodation of the public.

UNITED STATES HOTEL,

SHEPHERDSTOWN, VIRGINIA.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his friends and the travelling public, that he has leased and just newly fitted up the Brick House

on main street, Shepherdstown, on the corner op-posite Entier's Hotel, as one of public entertain-ment. From his friends in Jefferson and the

neighboring counties, he would ask a call, as it shall be his constant aim to render his house in

every respect comfortable and agreeable to visi-

ters and boaders. Terms moderate, and made to

The BAR shall at all times be supplied with

the choicest liquors, for the accommodation of the public. ELY CONLEY.

MARBLE.

THERE is now in the care of George W. Sappington, Esq., in Charlestown, Va., a

White Marble Tomb-Stones.

sented to act as Agent, will take pleasure in show-ing these Tomb Stones to persons desiring to see them, whether they wish to buy or not. Monuments, Column and Plain Tomb Slabs, or

any work in the Stone Cutting line furnished at short notice. WM. LOUGHRIDGE.

Leitersburg, Washington County, Md.)
March 6, 1846-tf.

FRANCIS DUNNINGTON having leased for a number of years, the Brick House at the junction of the Martinsburg Road and Shepherds-town Turnpike, known as Walper's Cross Roads,

gives notice to his friends and customers general-

Remove his Store

Brick House, on the 1st of April next.

from the old stand at Kerneysville Depot, one mile further down the Turnpike, to the aforesaid

He will be happy to greet his friends at the

His facilities are greater than they ever were

and his yearly expenses being very materially re-duced, make it unnecessary to add large profits to

lately among them an entire stranger, and he

promises to put forth all his energies to merit a continuance of their custom, which has heretofore

New Drug and Medicine Store.

FOR sale by KEYES & KEARSLEY.
March 6, 1846.

Servants Wear.

TUST received a large lot of Goods suitable

for servants.
12 pieces 7-8 heavy twilled Osnaburg,

Our stock of goods is large and well selected and we offer them on accommodating terms. BOTELER & JOHNSON.

Cloths, Cassimeres and Cassinetts.

" 4-4 " plain
" Penitentiary plaids,
" 4-4 Brown Cottons,
" No. 1 Burlaps,
" Blue Drills.

Berryville, March 20, 1846.

Kerneysville, March 13, 1846-tf.

Harpers-Ferry, March 13, 1846.

New Store, where he assures them that he will do all in his power to sell them goods cheaper than

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Shepherdstown, July 18, 1845-tf.

suit the times.

ly, that he will

he has ever done.

cover expenses.

een so liberal.

20

ISAAC N. CARTER, Proprietor.

engaged, at his office in Charlestown. August 29, 1845—tf.

ally engaged. Harpers-Ferry, March 13, 1846.



WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Snickersville, Loudoun County, Virginia,
WILL practice in the Superior and Inferior
Courts of Loudoun, Clarke, Jefferson, &c. WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

To the Cars, I have determined to have OYSTERS and other Delicacies of the season, where
Ladies and Gentlemen will only have to pay for
what they get. I am prepared to dine fifty persons
daily. My situation is the most eligible and convenient on the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road. I
hope to receive a share of the public patronage.

E. H. CARROLL.

Harpers-Ferry, Jan. 9, 1846.

P. S. The public generally are invited to give
me a call.

Cash for Negroos. RESPECTFULLY offers his professional services to the public. He may be found in Charlestown, Jefferson county, Virginia.

Cash for Negroes. THE subscriber is anxious to purchase a large number of Negroes, of both sexes, sound and likely. Persons having Negroes to dispose of, will find it to their interest to give him a call before selling, as he will pay the very highest cash

He can be seen at the Berkeley Courts, at Mar tinsburg, on the second Monday, and at Berryville on the fourth Monday in each month, and usually at his residence in Charlestown.

All letters addressed to him will be promptly attended to.

WILLIAM CROW.

Charlestown, Dec. 5, 1845.

"The Whole of Oregon or None!"

WHILST some of my neighbors would pur-sue a temporizing policy, either as regards the rights of the Union, the claims of their Cus-tomers, or the wants of the Farmer, I am for a bold strike, and a "masterly" activity in discharging my duty to all who have, or may patronize me for the future. Yet, whilst others may beat "ploughshares into swords and spears," my bellows blows its pipe for peace, and will be content to give its aid in the manufacture of the more peaceful implements of the husbandman, so necessary in his

plements of the husbandman, so necessary in his tilling the soil.

Therefore, all who may wish any article in the BLACKSMITHING LINE, may rest assured that it will be done in the very best manner, and on merely living terms. As to HORSE-SHOE-ING, I am willing to turn a hand with any son of Vulcan, here or elsewhere. And from my experience in this branch of the business, I hope I may continue to receive the liberal encouragement. may continue to receive the liberal encouragement eretofore extended.

Thankful to all my customers for the support of past years, I hope by strict attention to business and a desire to please, to receive a continuance of their favors.

HIRAM O'BANNON.

Feb. 20, 1846—tf.

[F. P. copy. THE very liberal encourgement which the public has extended to this Establishment induces the Proprietor to hope that he may continue to deserve and receive a continuation of that patronage, and pledges himself that neither exertion nor expense will be spared in his efforts to please.

The Farmer's Friend.

The undersigned begs leave to return his thanks to those old and tried friends who have so long patronized the shop at present under his management, and would say to them, that for the future, it shall have more claims than ever for their support. As to his work, it has stood the test heretofore, and it cannot now shall not in the their support. As to his work, it has stood the test heretofore, and it cannot nor shall not in the future, be beat, for durability, price or neatness.—Wagons, Carts, Wheelbarrows, Ploughs, Harrows, and in short, every thing belonging to his line, shall be made or repaired, to order, at the shortest notice, and on the most reasonable terms. arTimber, and all kinds of Country Produce, will be taken in exchange for work at cash prices.

ALFRED O'BANNON.

Feb. 20, 1846—tf.

[F. P. copy.

Virginia, to wit:

At Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, for the month of March, in the year 1846:

Aquilla Davis, Garland M. Davis, Administrato of Leonard Y. Davis, deceased, John Humphreys, Executor of Joseph W. Davis, deceased, Garland M. Davis, Administrator of William R. Davis, deceased, and the said Garland M. Davis as Administrator of Thomas W. Davis, deceased, and the said Garland M. Davis as Administrator of Thomas W. Davis as Administrator of Thomas ministrator of Samuel Y. Davis, deceased, and the said Garland M. Davis as Administrator

Worthington, deceased, John Humphreys and Mary his wife, Achsah Davis, vidow of Leonard Y. Davis, deceased, Nancy W. Davis, Mary Ann Davis, Eleanor Davis, Susan W. Davis, Achsah C. Davis, William W. Davis, Joseph Achsah C. Davis, William W. Davis, Joseph W. Davis, Henry G. Davis, and James Davis, Garland M. Davis, Minor Hurst and Sarah his wife, Samuel A. Buckmaster, James H. Dutro and Elizabeth his wife, Daviel Warner and Juliet his wife, Lucy Worthington, Nicholas A. Randall and Mary his wife, Clotworthey Burney and Harriet his wife, Catharine L. Davis, wife of said William W. Davis, Henry A. Cox and Susan his wife, Julia A. Worthington, Eliza A. Worthington, Eliza Gaither, widow of Henry Gaither, deceased, Robert G. Russell and Susan his wife, Joshua Owing and Ellen his wife, Joseph, Charles, Reuben and Thomas Worthington, Tilghman Hilliary and Ann his wife, the ton, Tilghman Hilliary and Ann his wife, the said Zachariah H. Worthington in his own right, and Edward Colston, Sheriff of Berkeley Coun-ty, Committee Administrator de bonus non with the will annexed of Joseph Wilson, deceased,

DEFENDANTS IN CHANCERY. THE Defendants, Zachariah H. Worthington William W. Davis and Catharine L. his wife, Samuel A. Buckmaster, James H. Dutro and Elizabeth his wife, Daniel Warner and Juliet his wife, Lucy Worthington, Nicholas A. Randall and Mary his wife, Clotworthey Burney and Harriet his wife, Henry A. Cox and Susan his wife, Julia A. Worthington, Eliza A. Worthington, Eliza Gaither, Robert G. Russell and Susan his wife, Joshua Owing and Ellen his wife, Joseph, Charles, Reuben and Thomas Worthington, and Tilghman Hilliary and Ann his wife, not having entered their lary and Ann his wife, not having entered their appearance and given security according to the Act of Assembly and the Rules of this Court; and itappearing by satisfactory evidence that they are not inhabitants of this country: It is ordered DR. HAYS has opened a New DRUG and MEDICINE Store, adjoining the Stores of Mr. Philip Coons and John G. Wilson, Esq., and directly opposite the U. S. Arsenal, where he is now opening a well selected stock of Medicines, Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffe, Garden Seeds, &c., all of which he will sell low for Cash, or to punctual that the said defendants do appear here on the first day of the next Term, and answer the amend-ed and supplemental Bill of the Plaintiffs; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in Charlestown, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the Court-House in the said town of Charlestown. A Copy—Teste,

ROBERT T. BROWN, Cl'k.

March 13, 1846-2m.

Clerk Wanted. WE wish to employ a first rate Clerk and Salesman; to a young gentleman properly qualified we will give a liberal salary. Unquestionable reference will be required.

BOTELER & JOHNSON.

Berryville, March 20, 1846.

HAVE just received another supply of Hughes justly celebrated from such as Plough Irons 5-8, 1-2, and 3-4 inch round; 1½, 1½ inches square for Harrow Teeth, &c. Horse shoe and nail rodditto, which, together with the stock on hand before, make the assortment complete. Persons withing to purchase with the stock of the property of the property of the purchase with the stock of the second stock of the stock o wishing to purchase, will do well to give me a call, as I am confident that I can supply them with any kind of Iron they may wish

BENJAMIN L. THOMAS.

Halltown, March 27, 1846. SPADES, Rakes, Hoes & Shovels, just received by THOS, RAWLINS. REMOVAL.

Charlestown Refectory. THE undersigned has removed from the building recently occupied by him, cross corner from the Bank, to the House adjoining the Store of Mr. J. J. Miller, and opposite the Post Office. The patronage heretofore so kindly bestowed upon him, has induced a renewed and more vigilant effort to establish a Refectory in Charlestown, worthy the encouragement of her liberal citizens. At his present location, (besides many additions that are to be made,) he will continue to keep on hand at all times, a large and general assorthand at all times, a large and general assort-

Candies, Fruits, Cakes, Cigars, Tobacco, &c., &c.,

which will be offered on the most reasonable terms. His candy is of his own manufacture, and is warranted to be equal, if not superior, to any ever offered in this market. Ton hand, a fresh supply of the very celebrated Medicated Hoarhound Candy, which has received the recommendation of the Medical Faculty here, as elsewhere, as a simple and most efficacious remedy for coughs and colds. Cakes will be furnished to families for parties, &c., at the shortest notice, and at prices but little

The ladies and gentlemen of the town are respectfully invited to call at my Establishment, as he will take pleasure in ministering to the appetites of the most fastidious.

March 20. JOHN F. BLESSING.

To Farmers and Millers.

THE undersigned has moved from the Ware-House lately rented from Mr. Shepherd's Heirs, into his own large new Stone Ware-House, and is still prepared to forward

GRAIN AND FLOUR, o the District Markets, or to purchase, or make iberal advances when received.

WM. SHORTT. Shepherdstown, Feb. 13, 1846—tf. To the Farmers and Millers.

THE undersigged having leased the WARE-HOUSE, at Shepherdstown, recently occu-

pied by Mr. William Short, is now prepared to forward Grain and Flour to the District Market, or to purchase, or make liberal advances, when re-ceived. THOMAS G. HARRIS. Jan. 23, 1846—tf.

TO THE PUBLIC.

HAVING devoted the last thirty years to the Mercantile Business in Charlestown, it is not strange that I should have tired, and lost much of my former energy. In order that the business may be prosecuted with that life and animation which the times require, I have associated my son with me, who will conduct the business under the firm of JOHN J. LOCK & CO., and I hope in such a way, as will give general satisfac-tion. I am not unmindful of past favors, and with pleasure return my thanks to my friends, and a generous public, who have so long and so well sustained me. I hope the business in future will be so conducted as to make it the interest of my old friends to hold on, and many new ones.

Respectfully, WM. F. LOCK. March 20.

MY FIRST EFFORT! THE subscriber would respectfully announce to his friends and the public generally, that he has associated himself with his Father, (Wm. F. Lock,) to carry on the Mercantile Business, in Charlestown, at the stand long occupied by Wm. F. Lock, under the name and firm of JOHN J. LOCK & CO. He has taken the Stock of Goods on such targes as will examine him.

Stock of Goods on such terms, as will enable him to compete with this or any of the neighboring markets. His motto being "small profits and quick returns," he will sell Goods as cheap as the cheapest, for cash. All kinds of Country Produce taken in exchance—or goods will be sold to punctual customers on a short credit.

Some may think that his stand is a little out of the way, but it requires but a moment's reflec-tion to see, that it is at the very place it should be, accessible to all, a high, dry, and delightful situ-ation, where persons making their selections will not be annoyed by the crowd who are moving to ministrator of Samuel Y. Davis, deceased, and the said Garland M. Davis as Administrator of Clementius R. Davis, deceased, and the said Garland M. Davis as Administrator of Nancy Buckmaster, deceased, Pl'Tfs, AGAINST

Zachariah H. Worthington, Executor of William Worthington, deceased, John Humphreys and

Hew's Linament for Rheumatism. A LL Rheumatic persons have very good reason for rejoicing, that they can obtain an article that will set all rheumatic complaints at defiance. We wonder that people will suffer a moment with this distressing and excrutiating pain when they can find a certain cure in this preparation. The certificates that the proprietors have, would astonish the most incredulous. Patients, who have been below to the control of the certificates. would astonish the most incredulous. Patients, who have been laid up for years, and who never expected again to be about, in health or without crutches, have been almost miraculously raised from their bed of pain, and restored to their friends, sound in their limbs and entirely free from pain of any kind. This is no fiction, but fact, and thousands who have used it can testify to its usefulness. Beware of counterfeits.

Sold wholesale by Comstock & Co., 21 Cortland street, New York, and by
J. H. BEARD & Co., Charlestown,
A. M. CRIDLER, Harpers-Ferry.

Jan. 17, 1846. Fresh Groceries.
UGAR, Coffee, Molasses, Cheese, Pepper, Soap, Candles, &c., all of which were ordered "just before the rise." Persons in want of Groceries of any kind will do well to call and examine

before purchasing elsewhere, as I am determined to sell at reduced prices for the cash. THOMAS RAWLINS. March 13, 1846. GALVANIC, Electric and Magnetic Rings, for the cure of Gout, Rheumatim, and Ner-

vous complaints, just received and for sale by Harpers-Ferry, March 6. J. G. HAYS. Allen's Six-Barrel Revolvers. A FEW more left of Allen's celebrated Six-Barrel Revolving Pistols, at Feb. 20. C. G. STEWART'S.

The Latest Cut.

CENTLEMEN'S Gold, Silver, Steel, Iron and Gilt Vest Chains. Also, Gold Shirt Buttons, with or without Sets, for sale at Feb. 20. C. G. STEWART'S.

Oil of Tannin for Leather. ONEY TO BE SAVED! The proprietors of this preparation say without any hesitation, that it is the best article in use. It will not only keep harness bright and soft, but will restore old harness that has been taken poor care of, taking off the crust, and making it perfectly soft and pliable. It adds to the wear of harness or leather at least 50 per cent. It is an article that comes

pliable. It adds to the wear of harness or leather at least 50 per cent. It is an article that comes cheap, and is worth its weight in silver.

Sold wholesale by Comstock & Co., 21 Cortland street, New York, and by

J. H. BEARD & Co., Charlestown,
A. M. CRIDLER, Harpers-Ferry. Jan. 17, 1846.

DR. Zollickoffer's Vegetable Purgative and Alterative Pills, an excellent article.
Dr. Zollickoffer's Worm Remedy, which is free from all injurious properties.
Dr. Zollickoffer's Fomale Health Restorative, the best remedy ever produced to restore and preserve health. Also, the Imperial Vegitable Pills or Imperial Purgative, to be had at the Drug and Apothecary Store of JOSEPH G. HAYS.
Harpers-Ferry, March 27, 1846.

Harpers-Ferry, March 27, 1846,

VALUARLE TOWN PROPERTY

PRIVATE SALE

THE undersigned will sell at Private Sale, a portion of the Real Estate of the late John Baker, of Shepherdstown, Jefferson County, Va. The said Real Estate consiste of Lots designated as Nos. 49, 50, 51, 52, 99, 113, 114, and situated on High and New streets in said town. The five first mentioned, are in a good state of cultivation, and eligibly and conveniently situated for building purposes. The improvements on Nos. 113 and 114 consist of a Large Two-Story BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, Containing seven well finished Chambers, a Parlor, Dining-room, Kitchen, and three Sleeping apartments for servants. Adjoining the Dwelling is a comfortable BRICK OFFICE.

BRICK OFFICE.

The out-buildings are numerous, embracing a substantial Smoke-house, Stable, Granery, Carriage-house, Cow-house, &c.

The Dwelling is on an eminence, commanding a fine view of the town, and of the country for many miles around

a fine view of the town, and of the country for many miles around.

The undersigned would say to non-residents of the county, that the society in Shepherdstown is equal, if not superior, to any in the Valley of Vir-ginia; and, taking that fact into consideration, and the abundance and cheapness of the market, that

those wishing to remove to the county, could not purchase a more desirable property.

In addition to the above, the undersigned will dispose of Twenty Acres of Lots,

lying and being about a quarter of a mile beyond the limits of the corporation of said town. The latter, if desired, will be sold in parcels of five acres, to suit purchasers.

The Terms of Sale (which will be accommo

dating) made known, by application (post-paid) to Messrs. Webb & Markell, and John K. White, in Shepherdstown, or to the undersigned, Charlestown, Jefferson county Virginia.
WM. LISLE BAKER.

Feb. 27, 1846-2m.

"WOODLAWN" FOR SALE.

THE undersigned wishing to dispose of their farm, (on which they now reside, near Duffield's Depot, six miles west of Harpers-Ferry,) offer it at private sale. A rare opportunity is here presented to those desirous of investing their money in lands. The farm contains

A little upwards of 200 Acres, and is in every point of view equal to any in the Valley of Virginia. A detailed description is deemed unnecessary. Suffice it to say, a bargain will be given, and the terms will be liberal. Immediate possession can be had by the purchaser, if desired. Apply to the undersigned on the premises, or by letter addressed to

N. W. MANNING,

J. M. MANNING,

Duffield's Depot, Jefferson Co., Va. Feb 27, 1846-tf.

LIST OF LETTERS REMAINING in the Post Office, at Harpers-Ferry, Va., on the 31st of March, which, if not taken out by the 30th of June next, will be sent to the General Post Office as dead letters: M. C. Leason,

Henry V. Andrews, 2 D. W. Lutter, Francis H. Anderson, John M. Lupton, Francis Basil Avis, Joseph Lennox,

Joseph R. Martin.

James Martin, Wm. N. McCoy,

William McCoy, Mary E. Melvin, N O P

Edward Nichols, Samuel Ormen, John Park,

Stephen Parmer, Jesse Porter,

Joseph L. Russell,

Benjamin Roderick, John Russell,

Samuel Rogers,

Patrick Scott,

Mary Shekels, 2 Lucinda Stahl.

John Sullivan, Daniel Shaffer,

Elizabeth Ramsey

Hezekiah Roderick,

Catharine E. Stipes,

Frederick Shipley,

Wm. J. Stephens, Richard Shipley, Christian Schuster

Thomas Satterfield

TV Miss Mary Taun, G. William Vanlier,

Willis L. Williams,

William Walker, John D. Wiggenton, John F. Warmick,

John E. Willis,

Wm. J. Walcott,

William Walcott,

George Wilt, Asaph Wilson, Y Z.

Rawlins, Ralph Randall,

William Buckingham, Lydia Miller, John W. Buckey, Mary Allen Barrack, Harvey McCo Christopher Malone, Willis Millon, Brook & Lockhart. John McP. Brien. George Michael,
2 James McBride,
John H. Moore,
James B. Mills, Nancy Bowers, H. Brown, Darius Browning, Nancy Blenham, L. C. Belt, Mary McClure, Jonathan Miller, Michael Moran, Daniel Birmingham, 2 John Marlatt,

Thomas Boteler, 2 Francis M. Bridgman, Sarah Mahorney, Margaret Maddox, John Mullican, Catharine Brown, F. Beckham. Jacob Barnhart,

John F. Co, Enoch Chambers Charles Corne,
Sylvester Campbell,
James G. Cobbs,
Virginia Claspy,
Capt. Abel Criddle, Joseph Carry, William Collins, Nancy Climer,

James M. Coburn, Grafton W. Daily, William Duke. Shelton Dearing, E F G

William Engle, James Flanagan, Cornelius Goldsbury, Thomas Gore, William Graham. John Gallaspy, Charles Holt. James Wm. Harper,

Henry J. Hamden, Samuel Horseman Catharine Jane Hall, Samuel C. Holcomb Maria Highland, Patrick Howe, Charlotte Hompson, Edward Holems

Beverly & Lydia Jones, Mary A. Jones, Elenoro Knight Jones, B. L. Jacobs,

William Kirby, Vincent Kleindeinst, Joel B. Lock,

Charles Yeck. 2 Nancy Young, Miss Mary Zorger, JOHN G. WILSON, P. M. George Lay, April 3, 1846.

Spring Goods.

HAVE just received

5 pieces Burlaps Linen, No. 1, 2, & 3,
10 "heavy twilled Cotton,
10 "3-4 7-8 & 4-4 Osnaburgs, do.,
10 "best striped and plaid do.,
1 balle plain brown do.,
For select your low prices by For sale at very low prices by
March 20. WM. S. LOCK. March 20.

Caution to Trespassers.

BEING unwilling, longer to submit tamely to impositions practised upon me by persons hunting, hacking, and cutting down my timber, and occasionally taking my boat without leave, or trespassing in any way, I am resolved for the future to punish such to the u most rigor of the law.

GEORGE BACKHOUSE.

Jefferson Co. Va., March 13, 1846—4t.

For Sale;

1000 POUNDS unwashed Wool, in good order, cheap for Cash, or in exchange for good paper, if application be made immediately to WILLIAM S. LOCK. March 27, 1846.

Fresh Supply of Garden Seeds, JUST received and for sale, a fresh supply Garden Seeds, by J. G. HAYS. Harpers-Ferry, March 27.

BACON.—Old Bacon Hams for sale by March 27. CRANE & SADLER,

THE CITY TRADE.

CHARLES C. REINHARDT & CO. MANUFACTURERS OF

SURGICAL AND DENTAL INSTRUMENTS.

No. 8, Light St., Baltimore.

TO their friends in the Valley of Virginia, they would say that they may still be found at their old stand, ready to furnish them at the shortest notice, with any article in their line.

For the sale of their very celebrated Patemt Glass Pad Trusses, (which was patented on the 24th September, 1844,) in the Valley counties of Virginia, they have appointed Mr. JOHN H. BEARD, Charlestown, as Agent. It is admitted by all scientific men, who have given these Trusses a trial, that nothing yet invented, approximates to them in point of utility.

BTMr. Beard will forward orders for any article in our line. A catalogue may be found at his Store, enumerating the great variety of Instrumenta manufactured at their establishment, and the prices of the same.

C. C. REINHARDT & CO. Baltimore, December 26, 1845—6m.

MERCHANT'S HOTEL, Charles Street, near Baltimore Street,

DALTIMONE.

MESSRS. HOPKINS & FIELD having leased the above establishment, are now ready to receive visitors, and respectfully solicit the patronage of the travelling community, and that of the Virginia public especially.

The house has undergone a thorough repair, and no pains nor expense will be spared to render it a desirable abode, to all who may favor us with their support.

A. M. HOPKINS,

Late of Sanderson's.

WM. FIELD,

Late of Bucks County, Pa.

Baltimore, Oct. 3, 1845—1y.

Baltimore, Oct. 3, 1845-1y.

SADDLERY HARDWARE.

ALLEN PAINE.

No. 310 Baltimore street, Baltimore, HAS on hand a large and very general assortment of Plated Steel, Brass and Japanned Saddlery, Coach and Harness Furniture—both of his own manufacture and English Ware, imported by

imself.

Also, Saddle Trees, Hog Skins, Buckskins,

Buff and Scarlet Cloth Saddles, Three-Cord

Articles for Coach-Makers. A N assortment of handsome Coach Laces, Da-mask, Rattinett, Patent Leather, Patent Can-vass, Indian Rubber Cloth, Drab Cloths, Top Leather, Lamps, Bands, Moss, Elliptic Springs, Turned Axles, Malleable Iron Castings, Oil Cloth Carpets, Bows, Bent Fellows, and a very superior article of

COPAL VARNISH AND LEATHER VARNISH, With a great variety of other Goods in both branches of business: all of which will be sold on pleasing terms.

Dealers from the country are invited to call and examine his Stock.
Orders promptly attended to.
All kinds of PLATING done at the shortest

Baltimore, Oct. 17, 1845-tf.

Grocery, Liquor and Produce STORE. B. F. WILLIS,

3 doors North of Mr. John Lawson, Alex. D. C .. BEGS leave to inform the public generally, that he has taken the above Store and Warehouse, where may be found a GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c. &c., which he will sell on as favorable terms as can be had elsewhere. He will also give particular attention to selling Country Produce, pledging his best efforts to obtain, in every case, the highest market price for all articles entrusted to his care.

March 6, 1846—82. March 6, 1846-\$2.

FREE EXHIBITION.

PLUMBE National Daguerrean Gallery and

Photographic Depots, Photographic Depots,

ESTABLISHED in 1840, and awarded the Medal, Four First Premiums, and Two Highest Honors by the Institutes of Massachusetts, New York, and Pennsylvania, respectively, for the most beautiful colored Daguerreotypes, and best aparatus eyer Exhibited.

205 Baltimore Street, Baltimore, adjoining Camphell's Jewelry Store.

Campbell's Jewelry Store.

Pennsylvania Avenue, Washington City.
Sycamore street, Petersburg, Va.
No. 251 Broadway, New York.
75 Court street, Boston.
136 Chesnut street, Philadelphia.

176 Main street Cincinnati.

449 Main street, Louisville, Ky.
13 Main street, Lexington, Ky.
Corner 4th and Chesnut streets, St. Louis, and Broadway, Saratoga Springs. Portraits taken in any weather, in equisite

Apparatus, Instructions, and all Materials fur-

Any editor disposed to copy and take pictures in payment, can please do so. March 20, 1846-6m.

Virginia, to wit: IN the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chan-cery, for the County of Jefferson, January 9th, 1846, Wilhelmina Jungeart Sprenger, and Carl Wilhelm Sprenger, AGAINST

Gerard B. Wager, Adm'r of Frederick W. Spreng-DEF'T., er, dec'd. IN CHANCERY.

Extract from Decree made on the 9th day of Jan-uary, 1846. The Court doth order, that notice be given

agreeably to the Act of Assembly of the 13th March, 1840, chapter 52, requiring all persons who may have claims against the decedent Sprenger, to exhibit the same for settlement, before the 1st day of May next, to await the further action and order of the Court.

A Copy—Teste,
ROBERT T. BROWN, Clerk.

IN accordance with the above order of the Court, notice is hereby given, that all persons who may have claims against the said decedent Frederick W. Sprenger, are required to exhibit the same for settlement, on or before the lat day of May next.

May next.

Such claims my be exhibited, properly authenticated, either to Edward E. Cooke, Commissioner of the the Court, or to the Administrator of the said Sprenger. G. Feb. 27, 1846—8w. G. B. WAGER, Adm'r.

Hendache Remedy, THIS distressing complaint may be cured by using one bottle of Sophu's Sick Headache Remedy, which has cured thousands of the worst cases. Persons after suffering weeks with this deathlike sickness, will buy a bottle of this remedy, and be cured, and then complain of their folly in not buying it before. People are expected to use the whole bottle, not use it two or three times and then complain that they are not cured. A bottle will cure them.

Sold wholesale and retail by Comstock Co., 21 Cortland street, New York, and by

J. H. BEARD & Co., Charlestown,
A. M. CRIDLER, Harpers-Ferry.

Jan. 17, 1846. FOR THE CURE OF SICK HEADACHE.

FEATHERS for sale by Feb. 13. J. J. MILLER & WOODS.